

Some New Results for Exotic Mesons and Future Prospects

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Plan of Talk

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- Introduction:
A brief overview of **exotic mesons**

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- Three Exotic Mesons from **BNL-E852**:
 $\pi_1(1600)$, $\pi_1(2000)$, $\pi_1(1400)$

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- Conclusions and Future Prospects

Allowed quantum numbers for Quarkonia

x

- Consider a $q\bar{q}$, where $q = \{u, d, s\}$, in a state of L and S
 $L =$ Orbital angular momentum ($= 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$)^a
 $S =$ Total intrinsic spin ($= 0, 1$)^b
- $P = (-)^{L+1}$ for any $q\bar{q}$ state^c
- $C = (-)^{L+S}$ for a neutral $q\bar{q}$ state^c
- $|L - S| \leq J \leq L + S$
- **Forbidden J^{PC} 's:** $(0^{--})^d$,
 0^{+-} , 1^{-+} , $(2^{+-})^e$, 3^{-+} , etc.

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^aS. U. Chung,
“Spin Formalisms,” CERN Yellow Report 71-8 (Updated)

^bS. U. Chung,
“Quantum Lorentz Transformations”

^cS. U. Chung,
“C- and G-parity: a New Definition and Applications” (Version IV)

^dS. U. Chung,
“Quantum Numbers for Hybrid mesons in the Flux-tube Model” (Version III)

^eS. U. Chung,
“Meson Production in Photon-Pomeron Fusion Processes” (Version II)

Definition: Exotic Mesons

- Conventional $q\bar{q}$ mesons

$$\vec{J} = \vec{L} + \vec{S}, \quad P = (-)^{L+1}, \quad C = (-)^{L+S};$$

Forbidden $J^{PC} = 0^{--}, 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}, 3^{-+}$, etc.

- Exotic mesons:

$n\bar{n} + g$, $n = \{u, d\}$, mass ~ 1.9 GeV with $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$ at the lightest meson

$n\bar{n} + n\bar{n}$; 4-quark exotics

- Notation for Exotic Mesons: The key determinant is $\{PC\}$, e.g.

$I^G(J^{PC})$	$1^-(0^{-+})$	$0^+(0^{-+})$	$1^-(1^{-+})$	$0^+(1^{-+})$
Name	π	η	$\pi_1(1600)$	$\eta_1(1600?)$

$I^G(J^{PC})$	$1^+(1^{+-})$	$0^-(1^{+-})$	$1^+(2^{+-})$	$0^-(2^{+-})$
Name	$b_1(1235)$	$h_1(1170)$	$b_2(1900?)$	$h_2(1900?)$

$I^G(J^{PC})$	$1^-(1^{--})$	$0^+(1^{--})$	$1^-(0^{--})$	$0^+(0^{--})$
Name	ρ	ω	$\rho_0(4000?)$	$\omega_0(4000?)$

Hybrid mesons $(q\bar{q} + g)^a$ with $J^{PC} = 0^{\pm\mp}, 1^{\pm\pm}, 1^{\pm\mp}, 2^{\pm\mp}$

$$m(n\bar{n} + g) \sim 1.9 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{where } n = \{u, d\}$$

$$m(s\bar{s} + g) \sim 2.1 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m(c\bar{c} + g) \sim 4.3 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m(b\bar{b} + g) \sim 10.8 \text{ GeV}$$

Glueballs $(gg \text{ and } ggg)^b$

$$m(J^{PC} = 0^{++}) \simeq 1710(50)(80) \text{ MeV} \quad (r_0 M_G) \quad (r_0^{-1} = 410(20) \text{ MeV})$$

$$m(J^{PC} = 2^{++}) \simeq 2390(30)(120) \text{ MeV}$$

$$m(J^{PC} = 0^{-+}) \simeq 2560(35)(120) \text{ MeV}$$

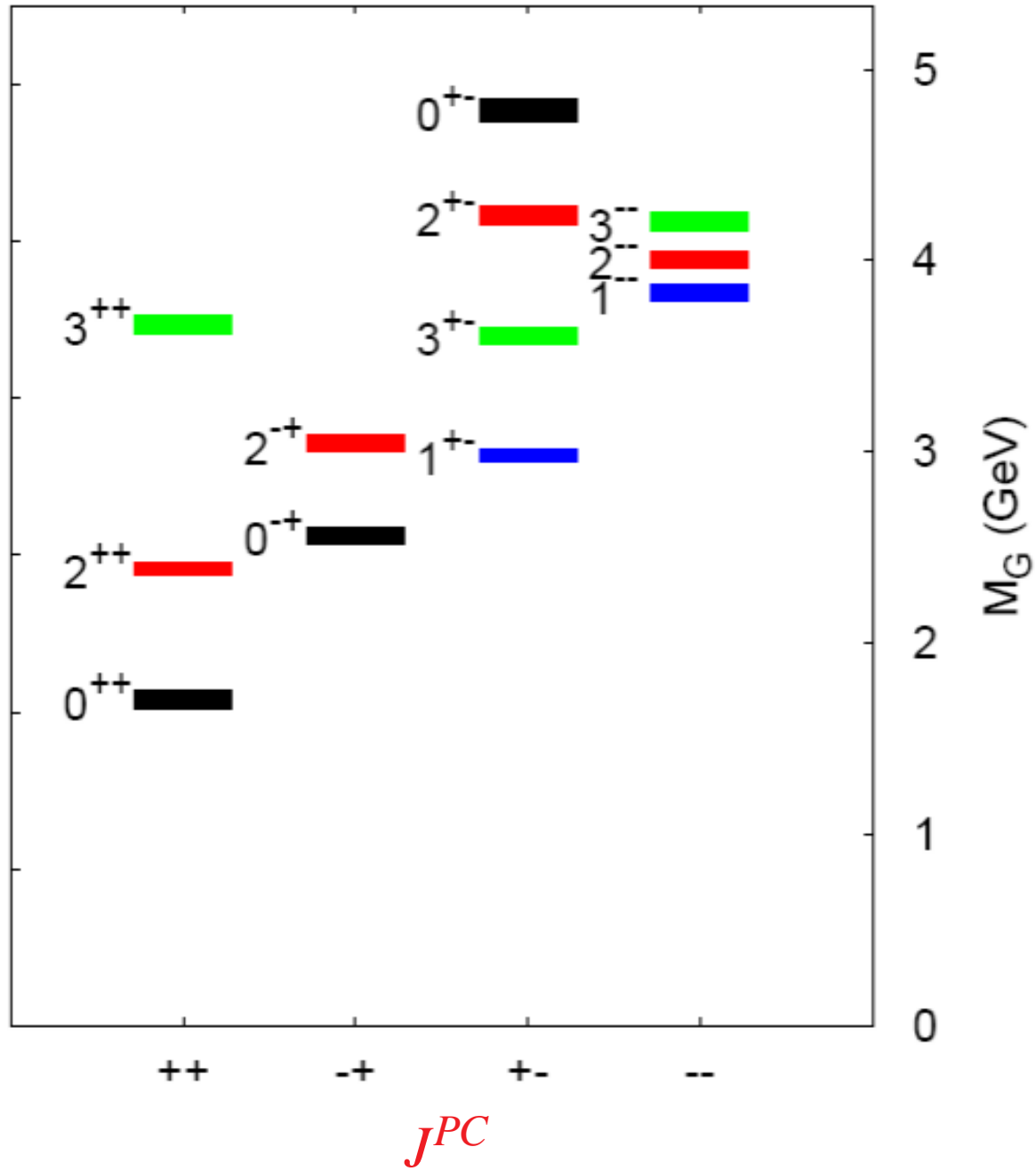
$$m(J^{PC} = 1^{+-}) \simeq 2980(30)(140) \text{ MeV}$$

$$m(J^{PC} = 2^{-+}) \simeq 3040(40)(150) \text{ MeV}$$

^aN. Isgur and J. Paton, Phys. Rev. D**31**, 2910 (1985)

^bY. Chen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D**73**,014516 (2006);

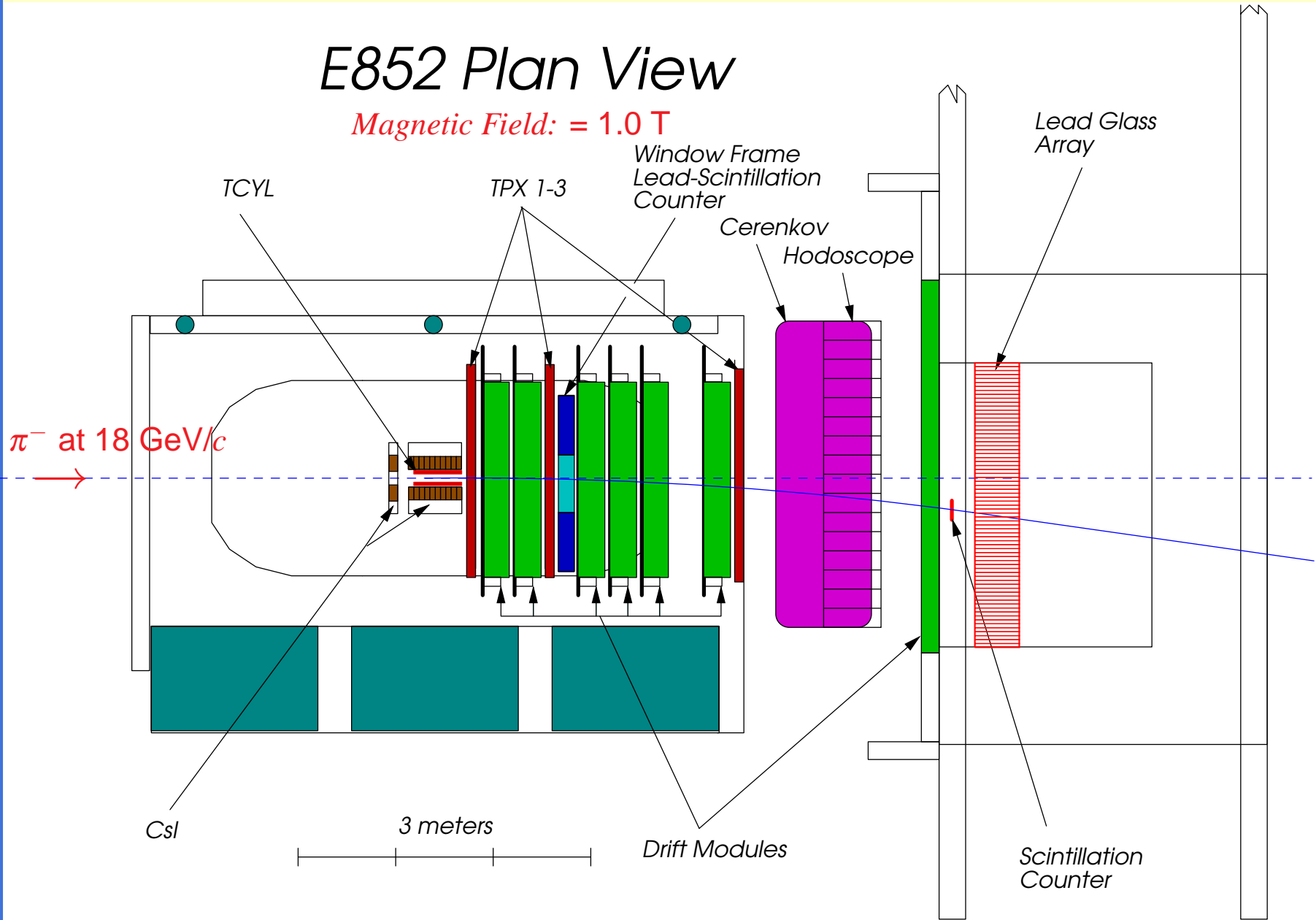
C. Morningstar and M. Peardon, Phys. Rev. D**60**,034509 (1999)



BNL-E852 at the MultiParticle Spectrometer (MPS)

E852 Plan View

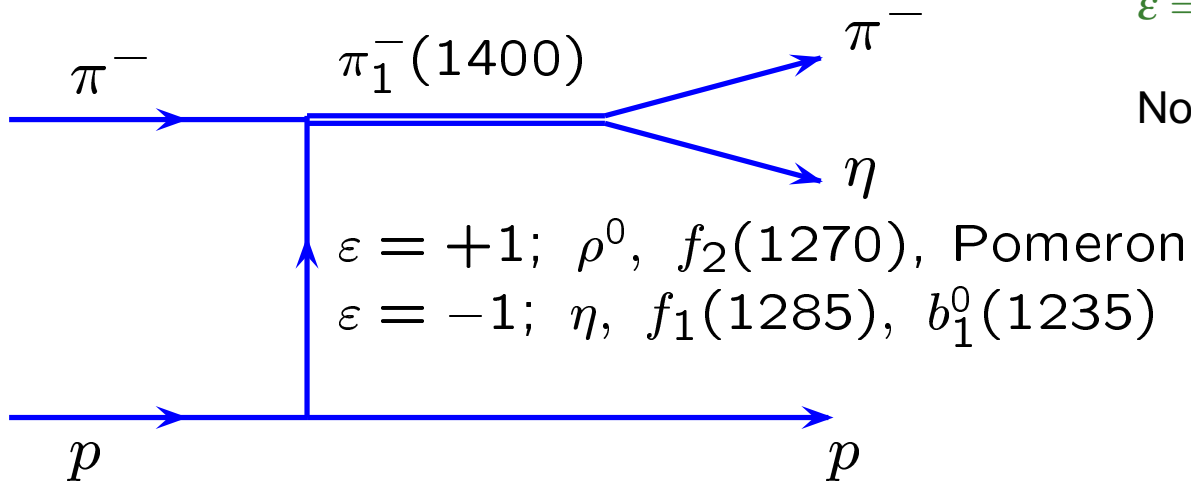
Magnetic Field: = 1.0 T



Reggeon exchange:

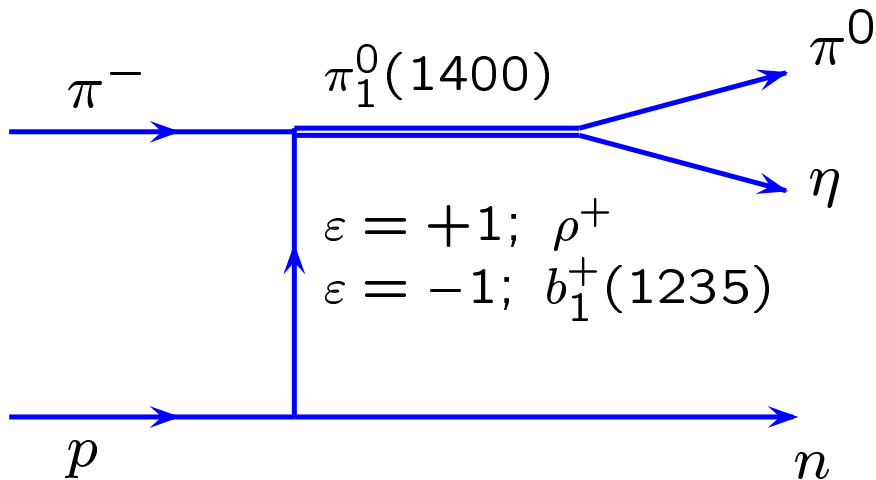
$\varepsilon = +1$ Natural-parity exchange
 $\varepsilon = -1$ Unnatural-parity exchange

Notation: $J^{PC} M^{\varepsilon} R_1 \begin{bmatrix} L \\ S \end{bmatrix} R_2$



$$1^{-+} 1^+ \eta \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow P_+$$

$$2^{++} 1^+ \eta \begin{bmatrix} D \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow D_+$$



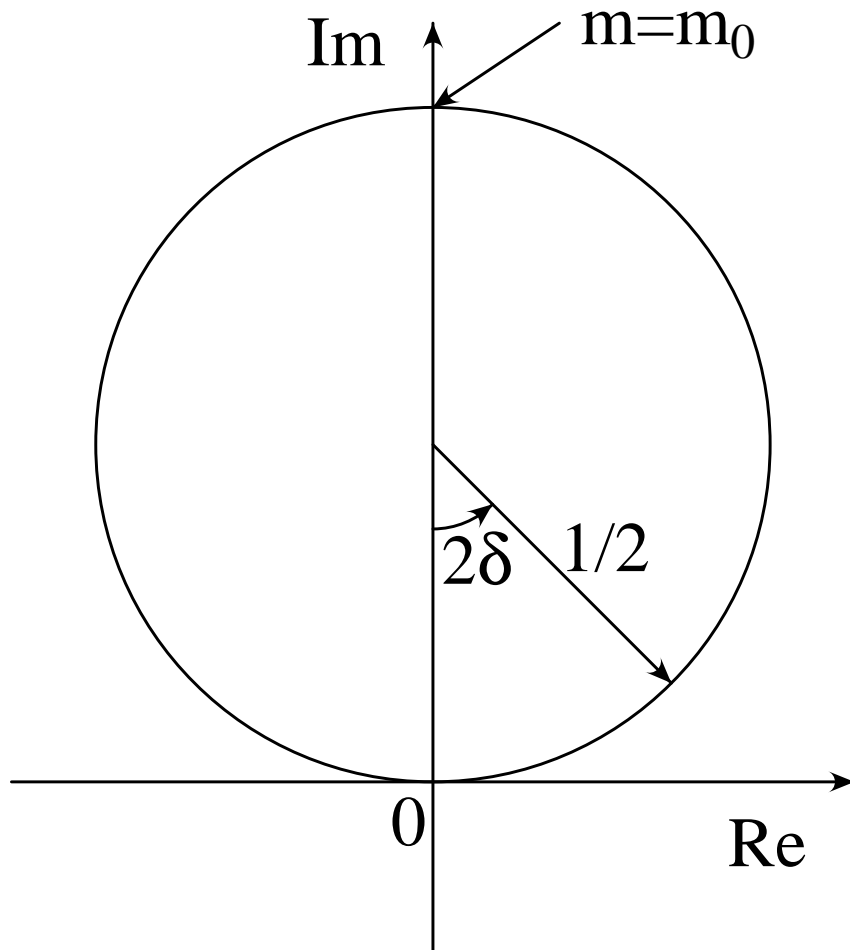
$$1^{-+} 0^- \eta \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow P_0$$

$$1^{-+} 1^- \eta \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow P_-$$

$$2^{++} 0^- \eta \begin{bmatrix} D \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow D_0$$

$$2^{++} 1^- \eta \begin{bmatrix} D \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow D_-$$

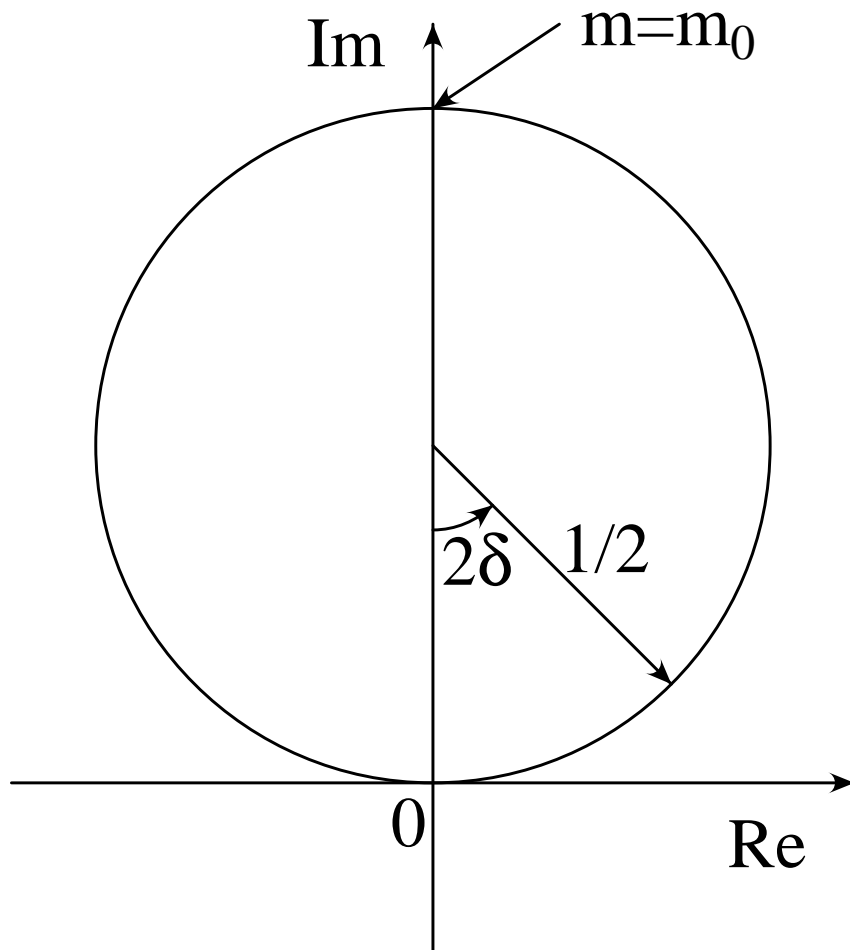
Phase motion of a Breit-Wigner form



$$\Delta(m) = \frac{m_0 \Gamma_0}{m_0^2 - m^2 - i m_0 \Gamma_0}$$
$$= e^{i\delta(m)} \sin \delta(m)$$

$$\cot \delta(m) = \frac{m_0^2 - m^2}{m_0 \Gamma_0}$$

Phase motion of a Breit-Wigner form



$$\begin{aligned}\Delta(m) &= \frac{m_0 \Gamma_0}{m_0^2 - m^2 - i m_0 \Gamma_0} \\ &= e^{i\delta(m)} \sin \delta(m)\end{aligned}$$

$$\cot \delta(m) = \frac{m_0^2 - m^2}{m_0 \Gamma_0}$$

Interference effect:

$$A = 1 + \alpha, \quad \alpha \sim 0.1$$

$$|A|^2 = 1 + 2\alpha + \alpha^2$$

$$\alpha^2 = N/N_{\text{tot}} = 0.01, \quad 2\alpha = 2\sqrt{N/N_{\text{tot}}} = 0.2$$

Reflectivity Basis for Density Matrix

h

The distribution function in the reflectivity basis for $\pi^- + p \rightarrow X^- + p$ can be written

$$I(\tau) = \sum_{\varepsilon} \sum_{ij}^2 \varepsilon \rho_{ij} \varepsilon D_i(\tau) \varepsilon D_j^*(\tau)$$

where i and j are any of the partial waves in a set and $\varepsilon D^X(\tau)$ is the decay amplitude in the reflectivity basis. The density matrix, a **square matrix**, can be expressed as follows:

$$\varepsilon \rho_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^2 \varepsilon V_{ik} \varepsilon V_{jk}^* \iff \varepsilon \rho = \varepsilon V \varepsilon V^\dagger$$

where εV is a **rectangular matrix**. Write

$$\varepsilon U_k(\tau) = \sum_i \varepsilon V_{ik} \varepsilon D_i(\tau)$$

and then

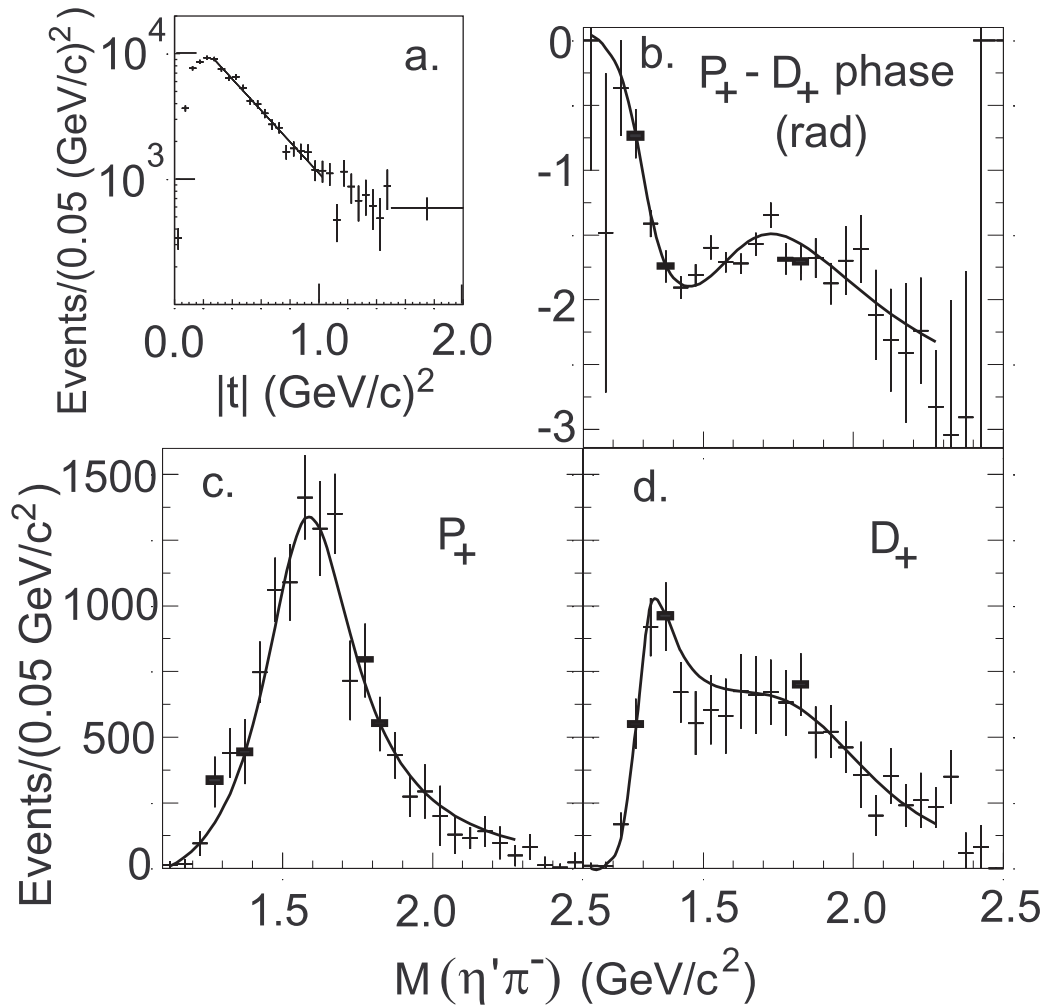
$$I(\tau) = \sum_{\varepsilon} \sum_{k=1}^2 |\varepsilon U_k(\tau)|^2$$

S. U. Chung and T. L. Trueman, Phys. Rev. D 11, 633 (1975)

Exotic Meson: $\pi_1^- (1600) \rightarrow \eta' \pi^-$

BNL-E852

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta' \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
 ~ 6000 events



$$1^{-+} 1^+ \eta' \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow P_+$$

$$2^{++} 1^+ \eta' \begin{bmatrix} D \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow D_+$$

$$\begin{cases} M(P_+) = 1597 \pm 10^{+45} \\ - 10 \\ \Gamma(P_+) = 340 \pm 40 \pm 50 \end{cases}$$

PRL 86, 3977 (2001)

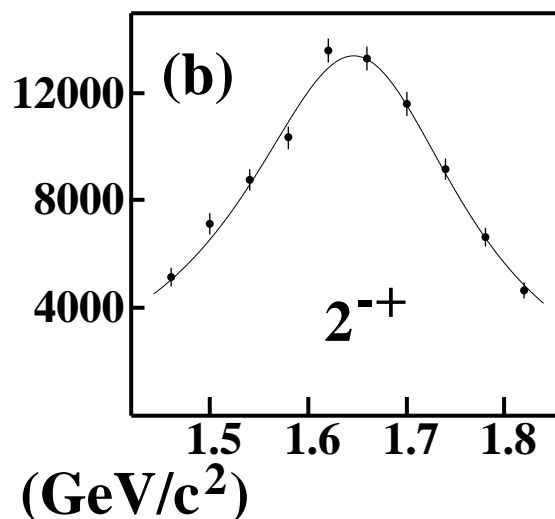
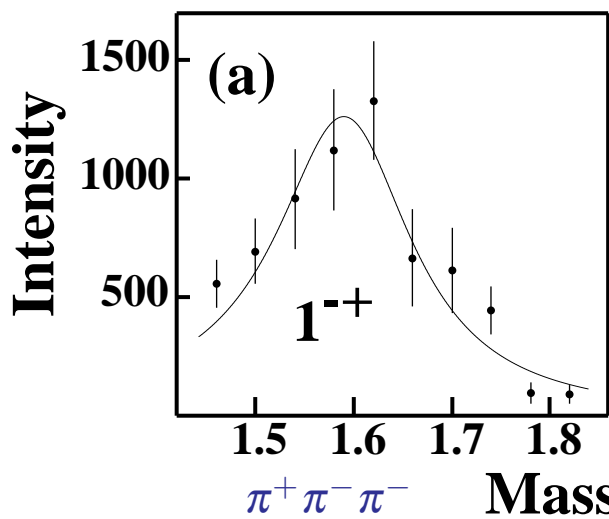
Exotic Meson (BNL E-852): $\pi_1^-(1600) \rightarrow \rho^0(770)\pi^-, \rho^0(770) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c
 ~ 250000 events

$$1^{-+} 1^+ \rho \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \pi$$

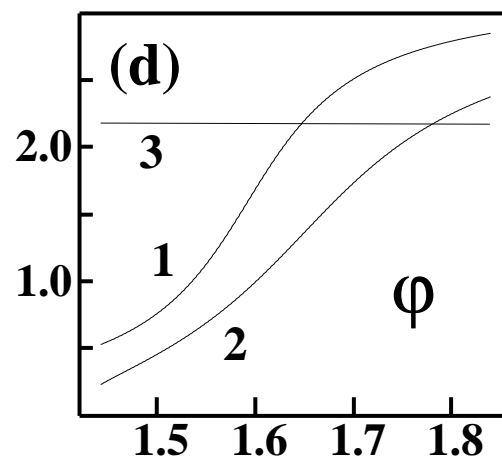
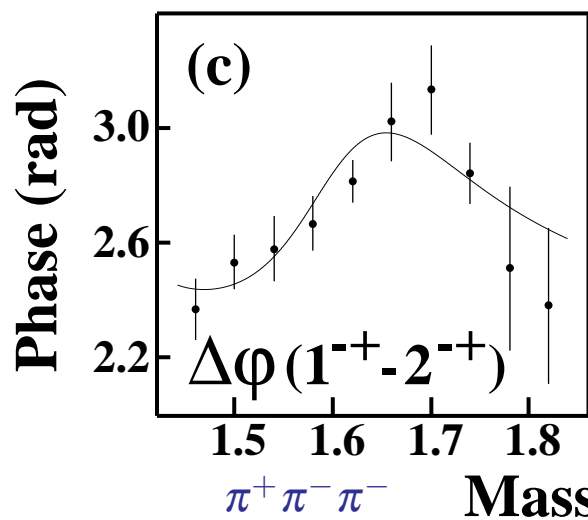
Partial waves: $1^{-+} 1^+ \rho(770) [P] \pi, \quad 2^{-+} 0^+ f_2(1270) [S] \pi$

$$2^{++} 0^+ f_2 \begin{bmatrix} S \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \pi$$



Number of Waves = 21 and 27

$$\begin{cases} M = 1593 \pm 8 & + 29 \\ & - 47 \\ \Gamma = 168 \pm 20 & + 150 \\ & - 12 \end{cases}$$

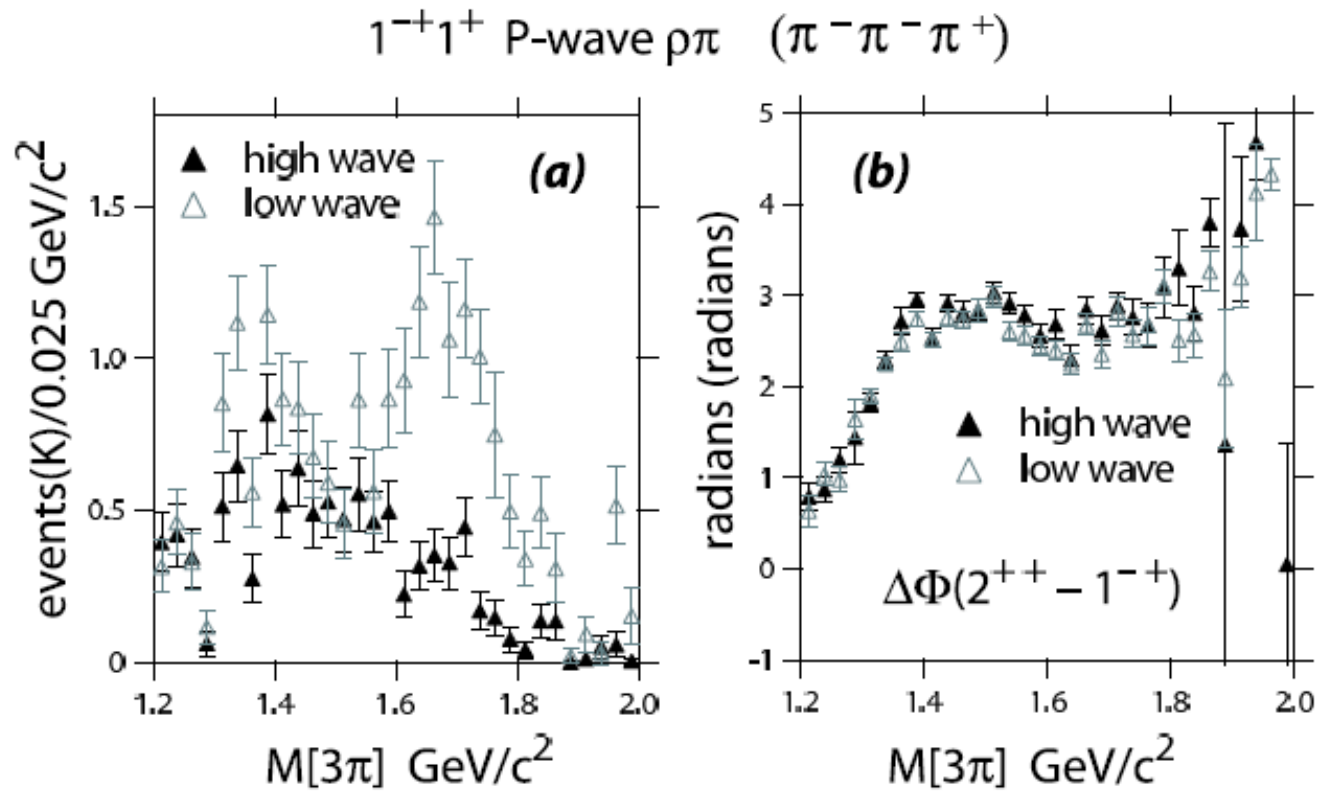


PRL 81, 5760 (1998)
 PRD 65, 072001 (2002)

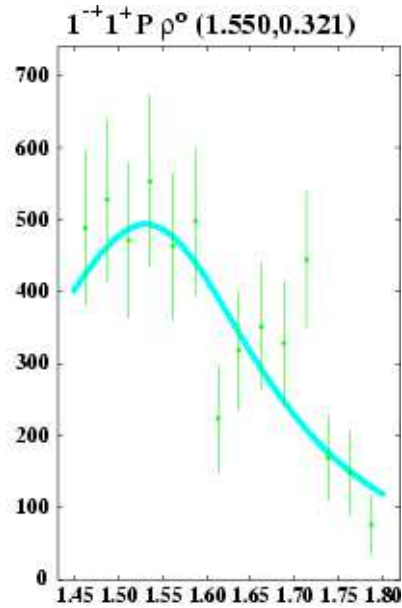
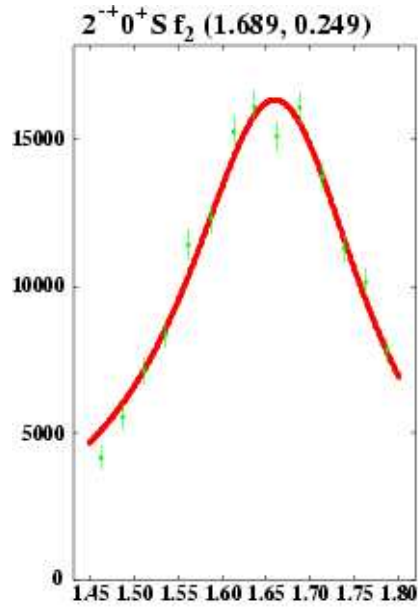
A Comment on the Decay $\pi_1(1600) \rightarrow \rho\pi$

x

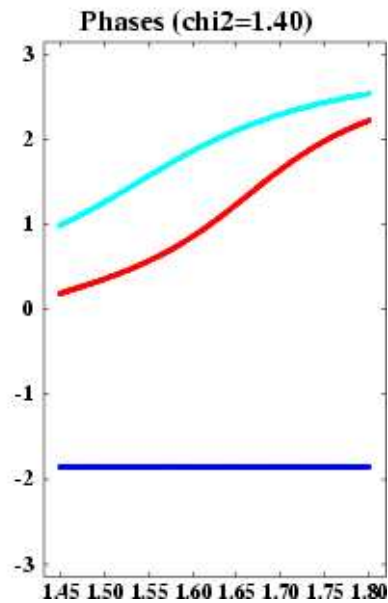
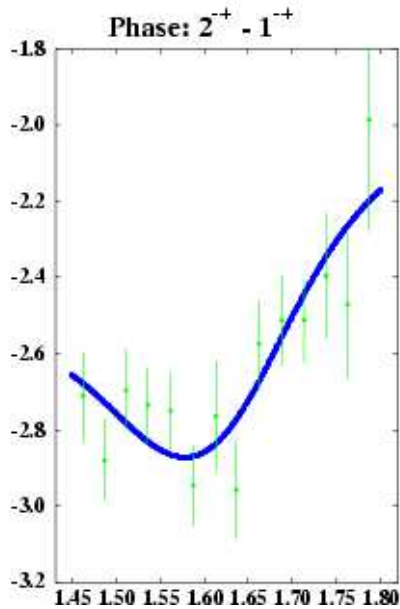
- Observe the quoted with by BNL-E852: $\Gamma[\pi_1(1600) \rightarrow \rho\pi] = 168 \pm 20 \begin{matrix} + 150 \\ - 12 \end{matrix}$ MeV
- Their reasoning is that the magnitude of the signal for $\pi_1(1600) \rightarrow \rho\pi$ varies enormously—the cross section difficult to quote—and the **width** varies along with the signal, when the **number** of partial waves in the fit is increased or when the **rank** of the density matrix is increased to **two**.
- But the phase motion between the partial waves 1^{-+} and 2^{-+} remains relatively **stable** and the two waves are always produced **coherently**.
- It is therefore not surprising to see that VES observe the same signal, although their official position is that they do not observe the $\rho\pi$ signal.
- The **Indiana** group, working on the BNL-E852 data, observe the same signal—giving the same mass and the width. Once again, they prefer to state that they do not observe the $\rho\pi$ signal.



High-wave set = 36; High-wave set = 20
 The phase motion between 2^{++} and 1^{-+} is identical
 in the 1.6 GeV region



$$\begin{cases} M(1^{-+}) = 1550 \text{ MeV} \\ \Gamma(1^{-+}) = 321 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$$



A. Ostrovidov
 FSU

Exotic Meson: $\pi_1(1600)$

Experiments	M (MeV)	Γ (MeV)	Decay
BNL ($\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c) ^a	$1593 \pm 8 \begin{smallmatrix} + 20 \\ - 47 \end{smallmatrix}$	$168 \pm 20 \begin{smallmatrix} + 150 \\ - 12 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\rho\pi$
BNL ($\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c) ^b	$1596 \pm 10 \begin{smallmatrix} + 45 \\ - 10 \end{smallmatrix}$	$340 \pm 40 \pm 50$	$\eta'\pi$
BNL ($\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c) ^c	$1709 \pm 24 \pm 41$	$403 \pm 80 \pm 115$	$f_1(1285)\pi$
BNL ($\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c) ^d	$1664 \pm 8 \pm 4$	$185 \pm 25 \pm 12$	$b_1(1235)\pi$
VES ($\pi^- N$ at 37 GeV/c) ^e	1560 ± 6	340 ± 5	$\rho\pi$
			$\eta'\pi$
			$b_1(1235)\pi$
CB ($\bar{p}p$ at rest) ^f	$1596 \begin{smallmatrix} + 25 + 50 \\ - 14 - 50 \end{smallmatrix}$	$312 \begin{smallmatrix} + 64 + 75 \\ - 24 - 75 \end{smallmatrix}$	$b_1(1235)\pi$

^a PRD 65, 072001 (2002)

^b PRL 86, 3977 (2001)

^c PL B595, 109 (2004)

^d PRL 94, 032002 (2005)

^e V. Dorofeev, Proc. Workshop on Hadron Spectroscopy, Frascati, Italy (1999), p. 3.

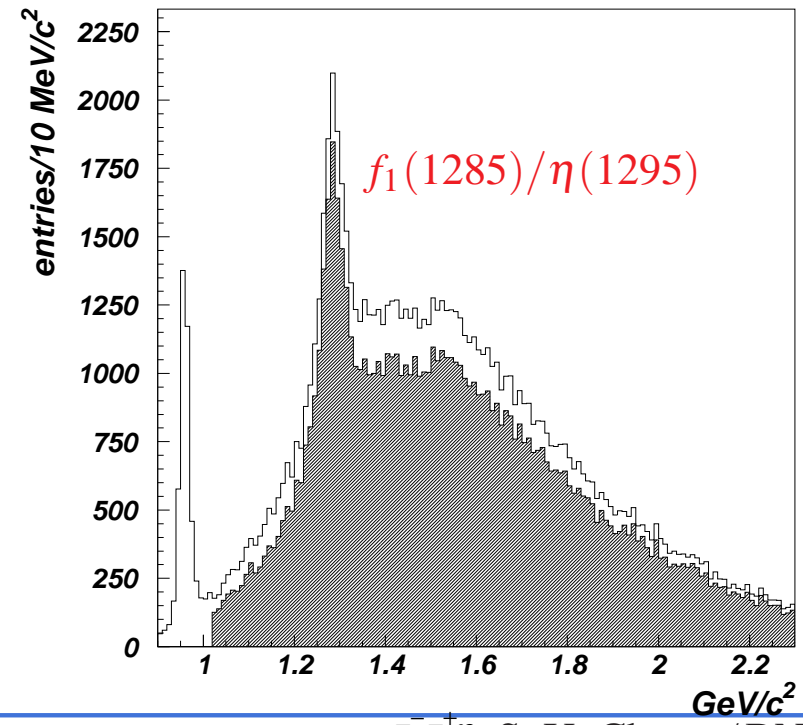
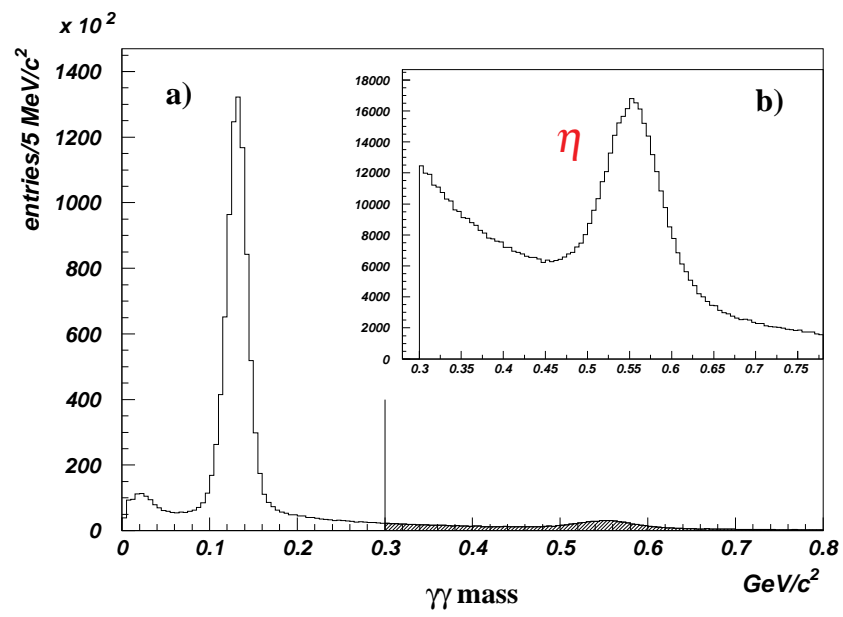
^f PL B563, 140 (2003)—Mass and Width fixed to PDG values

Results on $f_1(1285)\pi$

BNL-E852

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$, ~ 69000 events

$\pi^- p \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi^- p$, $f_1(1285) \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

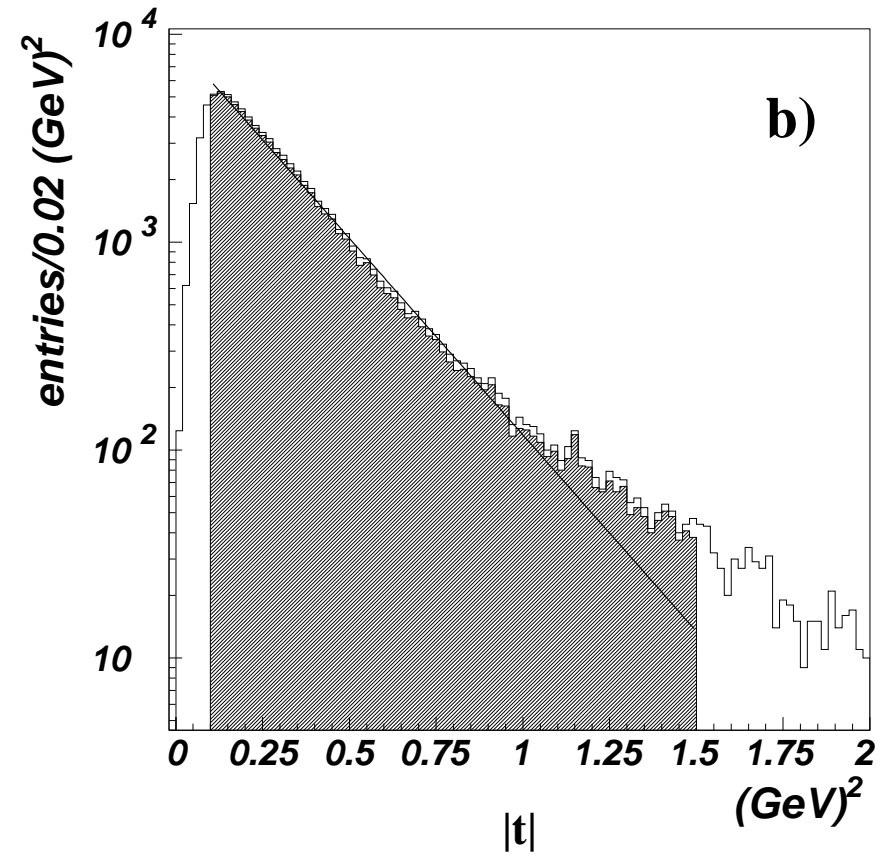
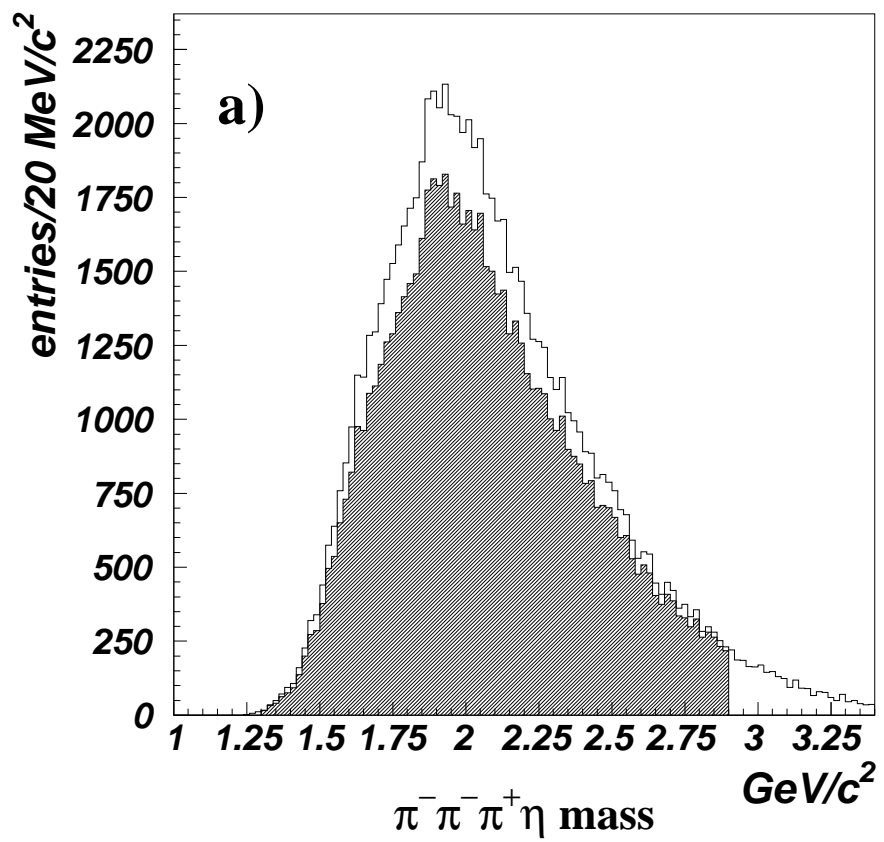


Results on $f_1(1285)\pi$

BNL-E852

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$, ~ 69000 events

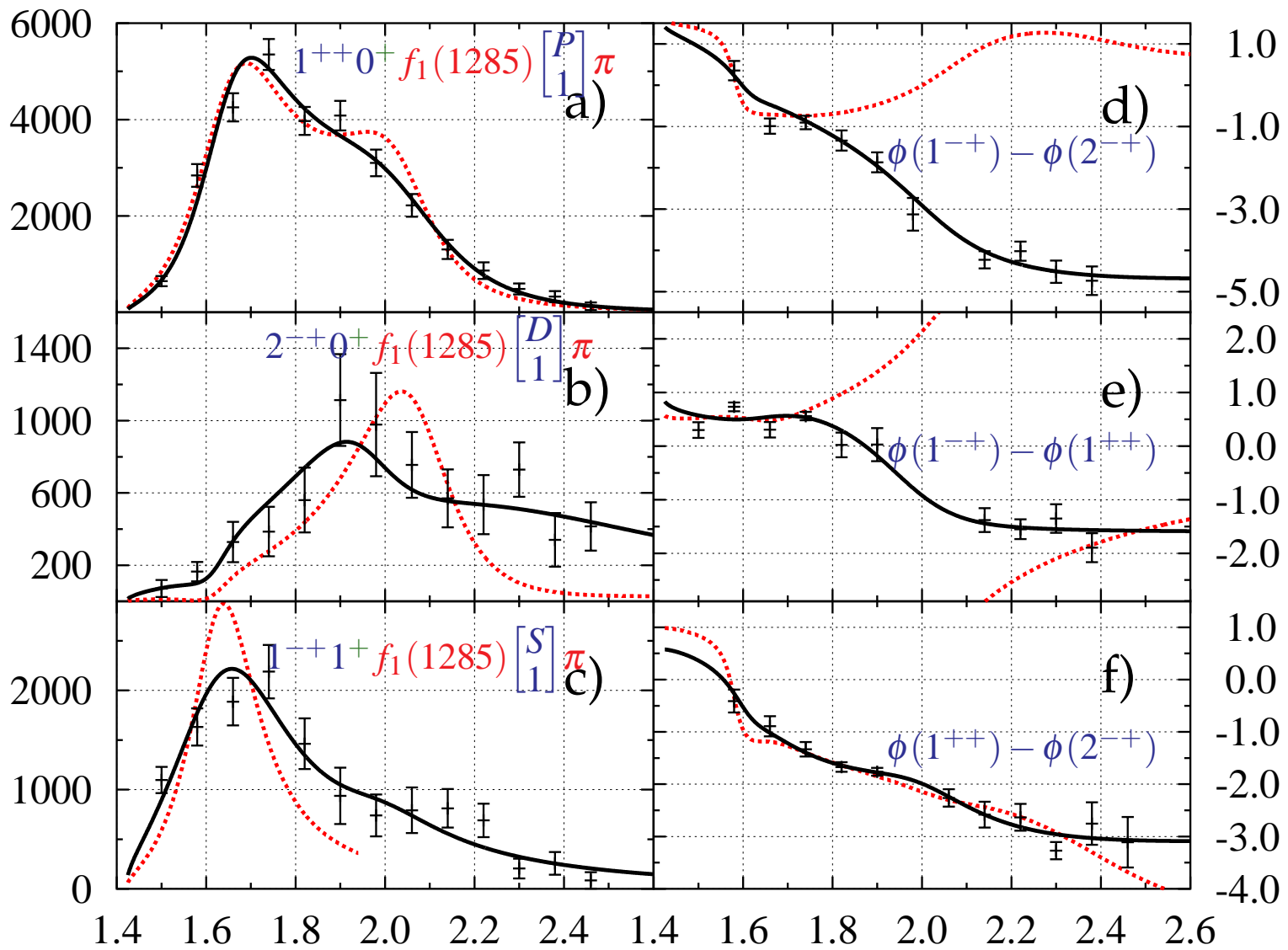
$\pi^- p \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi^- p$, $f_1(1285) \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



Results of Partial-wave Analysis

BNL-E852

Intensity and phase difference for selected $f_1(1285)\pi^-$ waves: $J^{PC}M^E f_1(1285) \begin{bmatrix} L \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \pi$



$\pi_1(1600)$ and $\pi_1(2000)$

Exotic Meson: $\pi_1(2000)$

Experiments	M (MeV)	Γ (MeV)	Decay
BNL ($\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c) ^a	$2001 \pm 30 \pm 92$	$333 \pm 52 \pm 49$	$f_1(1285)\pi$
BNL ($\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c) ^b	$2014 \pm 20 \pm 10$	$230 \pm 32 \pm 15$	$b_1(1235)\pi$

^a [PL B595, 109 \(2004\)](#)

^b [PRL 94, 032002 \(2005\)](#)

Exotic Meson:

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $\sigma(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 30$ MeV
 ~ 47200 events

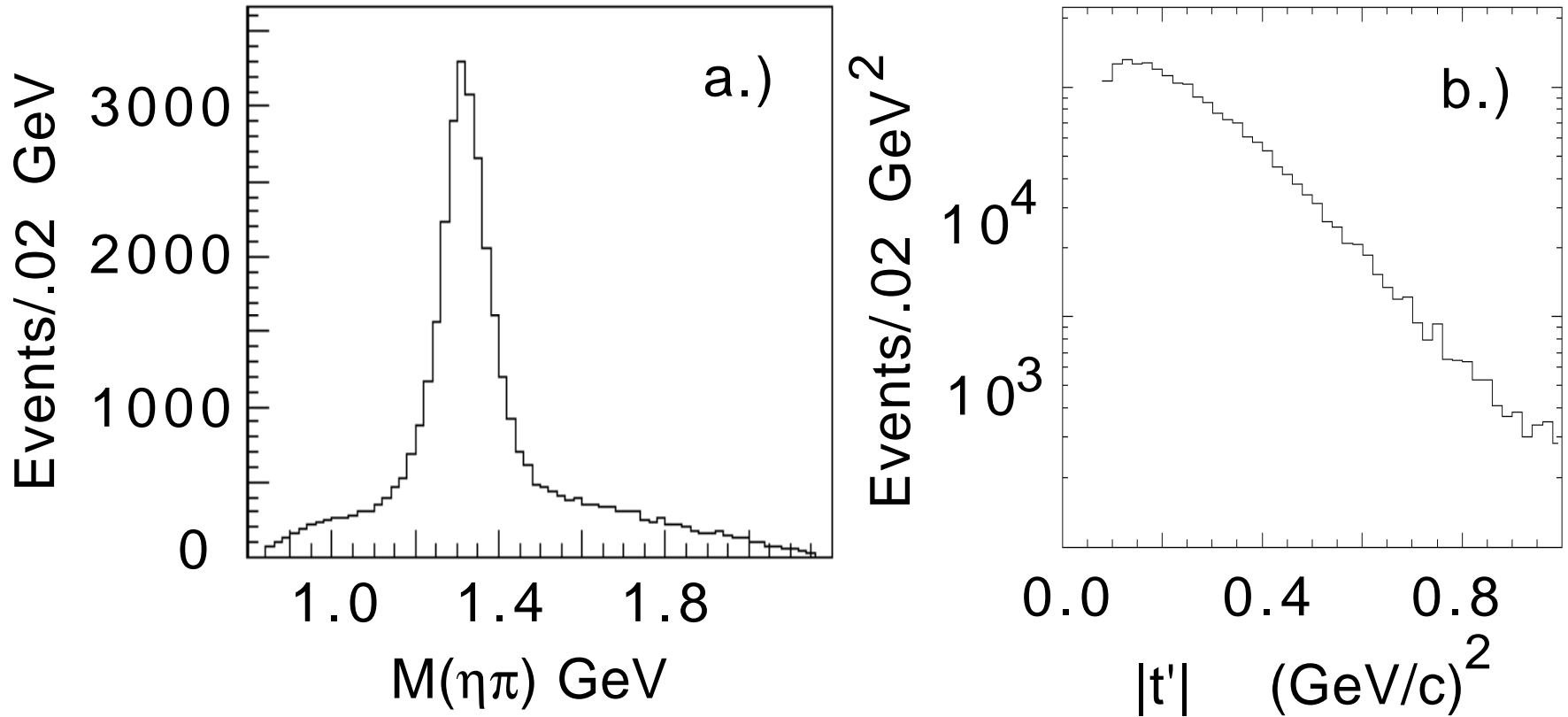


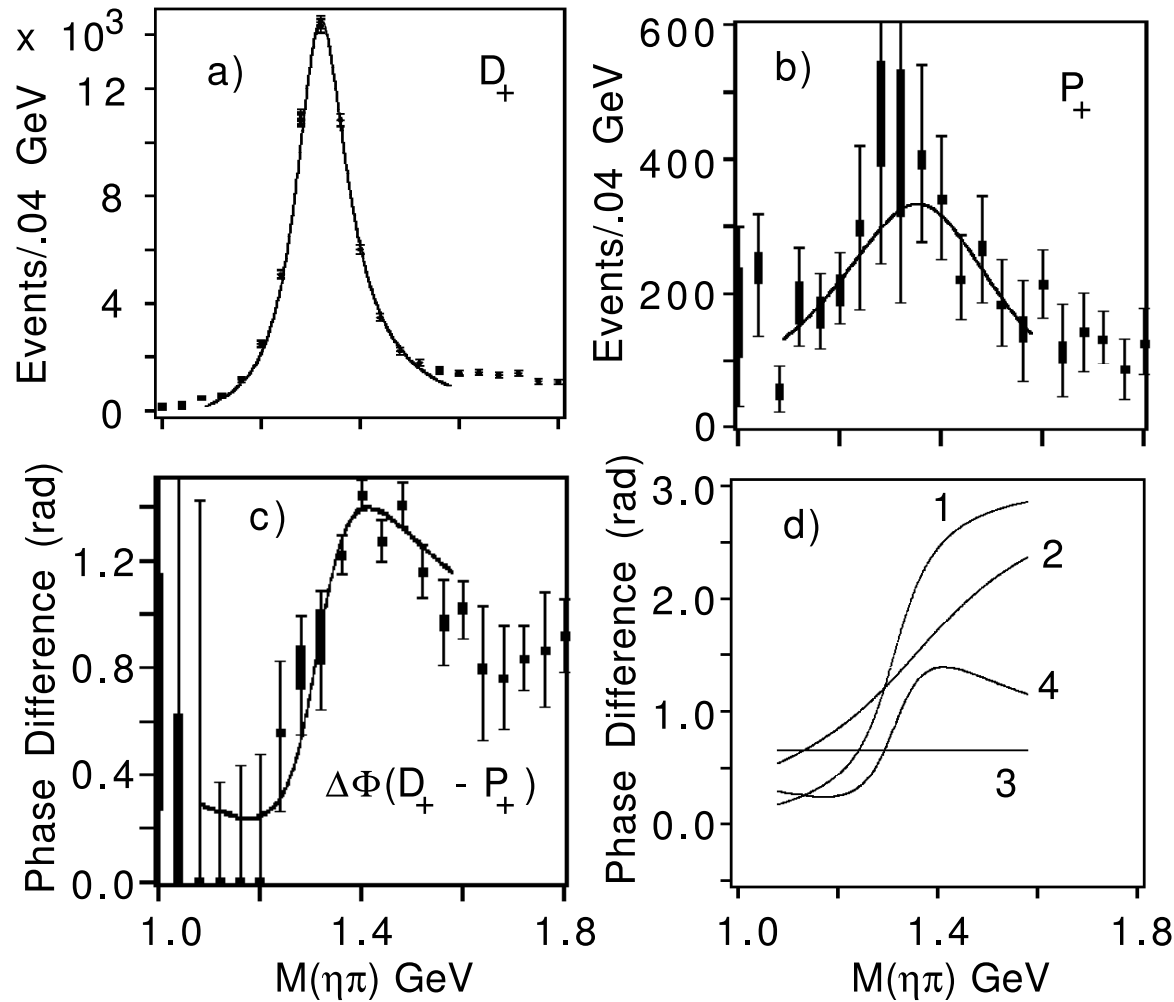
Figure 1

Exotic Meson: $\pi_1^-(1400) \rightarrow \eta\pi^-$

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 ~ 47200 events

$$1^{-+}1^+ \eta \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow P_+$$

$$2^{++}1^+ \eta \begin{bmatrix} D \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow D_+$$



$$\begin{cases} M(P_+) = 1370 \pm 16 \begin{matrix} + 50 \\ - 30 \end{matrix} \\ \Gamma(P_+) = 385 \pm 40 \begin{matrix} + 65 \\ - 105 \end{matrix} \end{cases}$$

PRL 79, 1630 (1997)

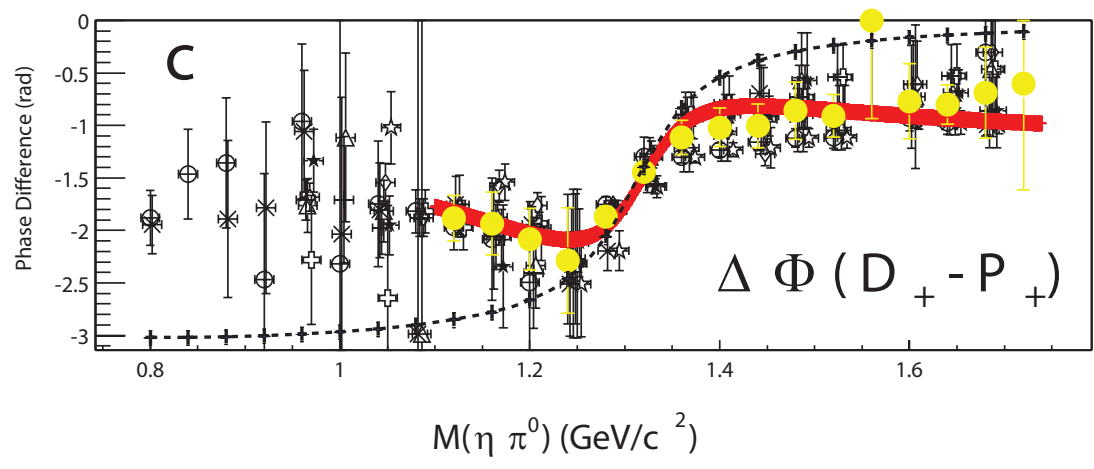
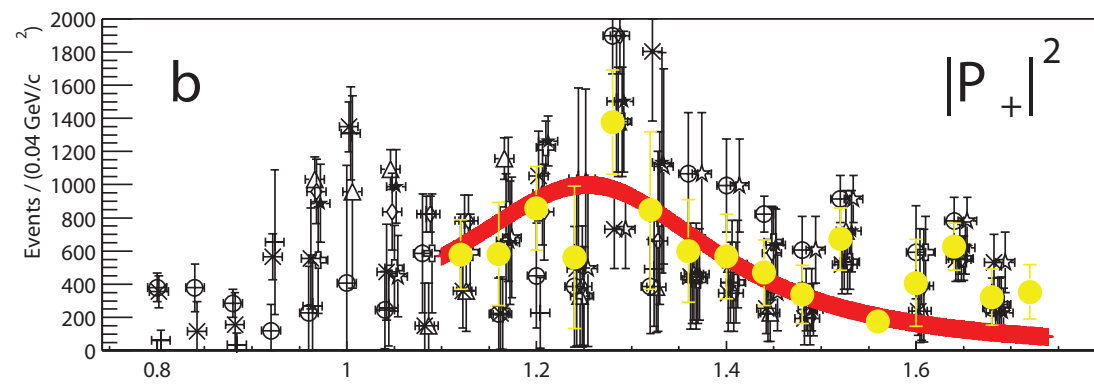
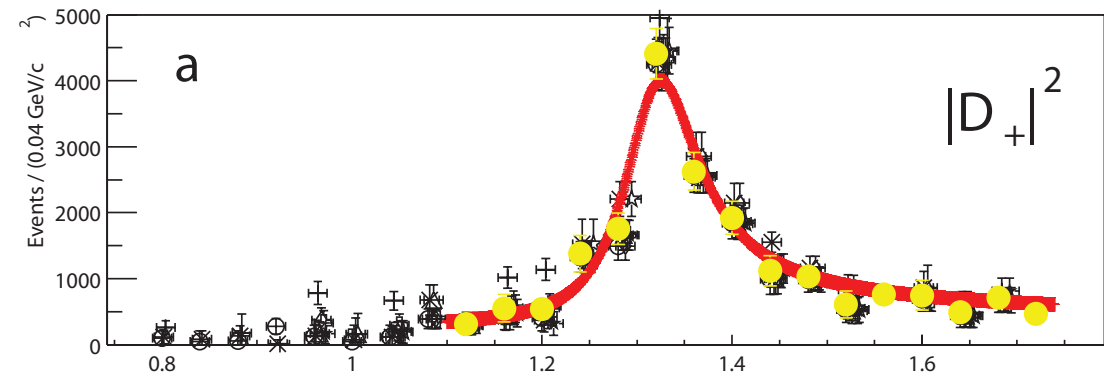
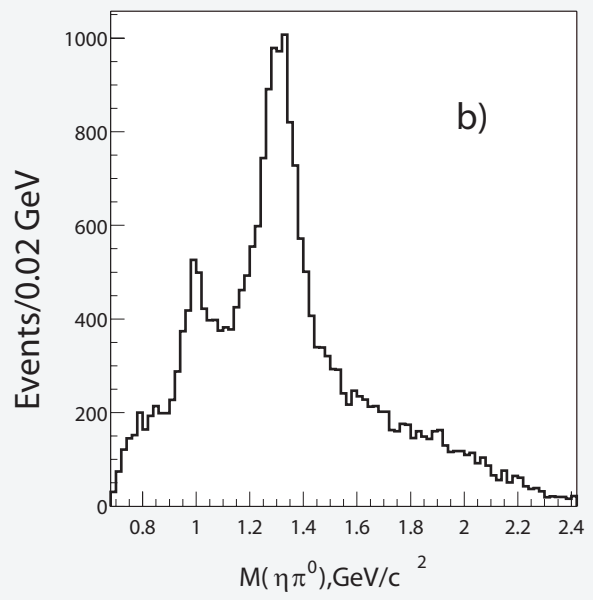
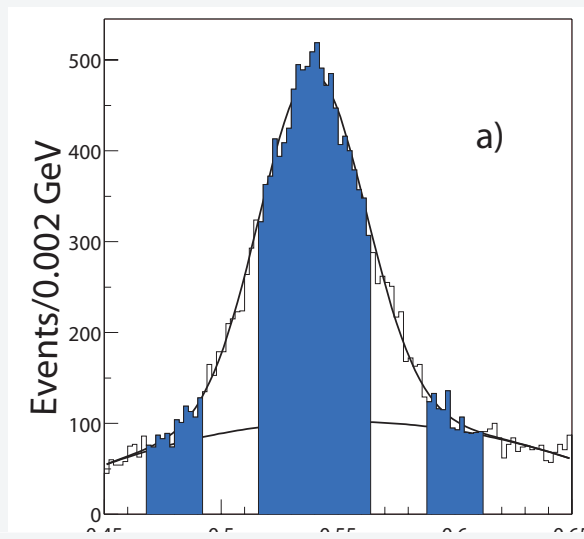
PRD 60, 092001 (1999)

Figure 3

$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 n$ at 18 GeV/c with $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^-$ and $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

~ 23500 events

Moscow State University
(BNL-E852)



- Three methods were used to study the D_+ and P_+ waves:

	Method	Mass (MeV)	Width (MeV)
1	Average Solutions	1265 ± 20	411 ± 64
2	Randomized Solutions	1257 ± 25	354 ± 58
3	Global Fit	1256 ± 10	319 ± 34

- Results quoted are:

Mass = $1257 \pm 20 \pm 25$

and

Width = $354 \pm 64 \pm 58$

Exotic Meson:

$$\pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \eta \pi$$

x

Experiments	M (MeV)	Γ (MeV)
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, BNL-E852 '94 data ^a	1370 ± 16 $^{+50}_{-30}$	385 ± 40 $^{+65}_{-105}$
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, BNL-E852 '95 data	1359 $^{+16+50}_{-14-30}$	385 $^{+31+9}_{-29-66}$
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 n, \eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ at 18 GeV/c, Indiana low- t' data ^b	1301 ± 14	190 ± 32
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 n, \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^-$ at 18 GeV/c, BNL-E852 ^c	$1257 \pm 20 \pm 25$	$354 \pm 64 \pm 58$
$\bar{p}n(^3S_1) \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^0 \eta$ at rest, Crystal Barrel ^d	$1400 \pm 20 \pm 20$	310 ± 50 $^{+50}_{-30}$
?? $\bar{p}p(^1S_0) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \eta$ at rest, Crystal Barrel ^e	1360 ± 25	220 ± 90
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$ at 6.3 GeV/c, KEK ^f	1323.1 ± 4.6	143.2 ± 12.5
$\pi^- \text{Be} \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \text{Be}$ at 28 GeV/c, VES ^g	1316 ± 12	287 ± 25

^a PRD 60, 092001 (1999).

^b PRD 67, 094015 (2003).

^c Paper submitted to the PRL

^d PL B423, 175 (1998).

^e PL B446, 349 (1999), A. Sarantsev, Proc. Hadron03, AIP Conf. Proc. **717** (2004) 65.

^f PL B314, 246 (1993).

^g V. Dorofeev (VES), Proc. Hadron01, AIP Conf. Proc. **619** (2002) 577.

Exotic Mesons: $\pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \eta\pi$, $\pi'_1(1400) \rightarrow \rho\pi$

Experiments	M (MeV)	Γ (MeV)
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta\pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, BNL-E852 '94 data ^a Pomeron + $\pi \rightarrow \pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \pi\eta$	1370 ± 16 $^{+50}_{-30}$	385 ± 40 $^{+65}_{-105}$
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta\pi^0 n$, $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0\pi^-$ at 18 GeV/c, BNL-E852 ^b $\rho\pi \rightarrow \pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \pi\eta$	$1257 \pm 20 \pm 25$	$354 \pm 64 \pm 58$
$\bar{p}n(^3S_1) \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\eta$ at rest, Crystal Barrel ^c $p\bar{p}(^3S_1) + \pi \rightarrow \pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \pi\eta$	$1400 \pm 20 \pm 20$	310 ± 50 $^{+50}_{-30}$
$\bar{p}n \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\rho^-$ at rest, Crystal Barrel ^d $p\bar{p}(^1P_1 \text{ and } ^1S_0) + \pi \rightarrow \pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \pi\rho$	$1400 \pm 20 \pm 20$	310 ± 50 $^{+50}_{-30}$
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\rho^0$ at rest, Obelix ^e $p\bar{p}(^1P_1 \text{ and } ^1S_0) + \pi \rightarrow \pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \pi\rho$	1360 ± 25	220 ± 90

^a PRD 60, 092001 (1999).

^b Paper submitted to the PRL

^c PL B423, 175 (1998).

^d W. Dünnweber and F. Meyer-Wildhagen, Hadron03, AIP Conf. Proc. **717** (2004) 388.

^e P. Salvini *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. C **35** (2004) 21.

Mesons in flavor 8×8

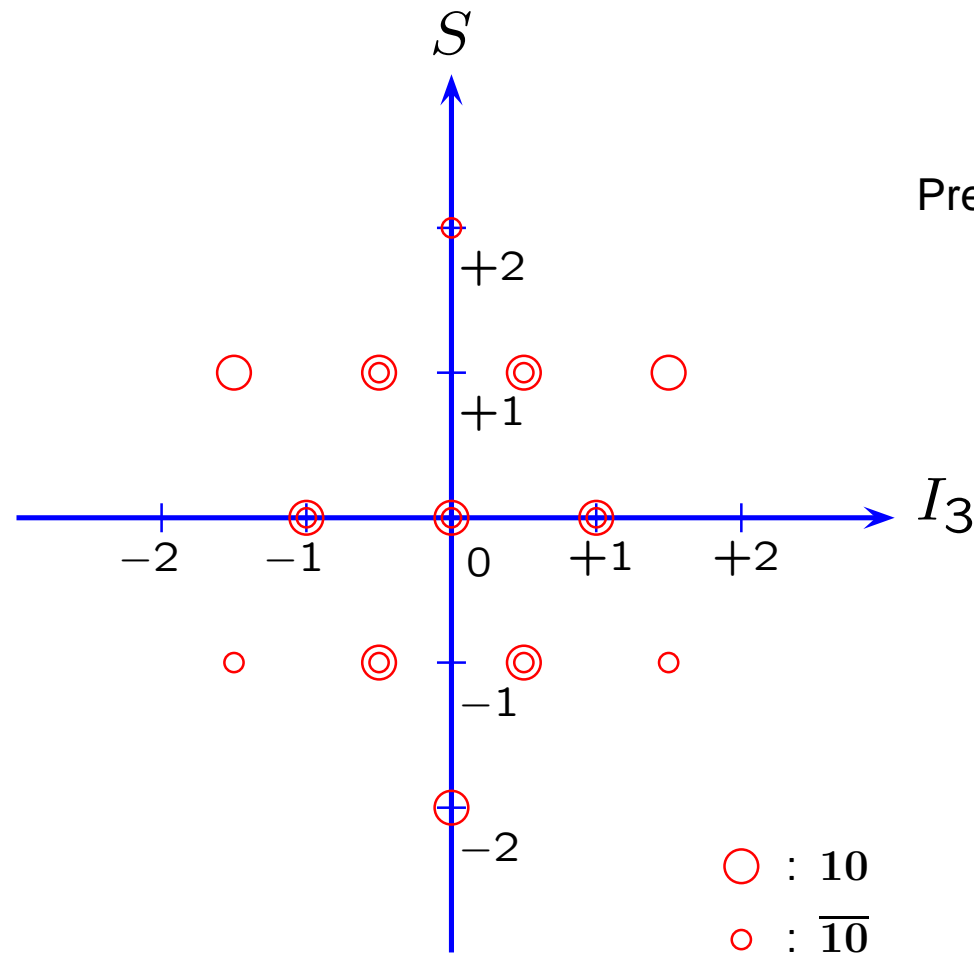
h

- $SU(3)$ Decomposition:
 $8 \otimes 8 = 27 \oplus 10 \oplus \overline{10} \oplus 8_1 \oplus 8_2 \oplus 1$
- Decays into Two Ground-State Octets :
 $^1S_0 \otimes ^1S_0$, e.g. $\pi\pi$, KK , $\pi\eta$, etc.
- Complete Normalized Wave Functions:
 $SU(3)$ Isoscalar Factors [J. J. de Swat, RMP 35, 916 (1963)]
 \otimes Clebsch-Gordan Coefficients

$J^{PC} = 1^{-+} (10 + \overline{10})$			
Y	I	Q	wave functions
0	1	+1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\pi^+ \eta - \eta \pi^+)$
		0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\pi^0 \eta - \eta \pi^0)$
		-1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\pi^- \eta - \eta \pi^-)$

S. U. Chung, E. Klempt, and J. G. Körner
Eur. Phys. J. A15, 539 (2002)

A P -Wave $\pi\eta$ State: Mesons in flavor $10 \oplus \overline{10}$



Predict: no $\eta_1(1400)$
one $\rho(1400)$

Single circles have just one member of the multiplet,
while the **double** circles indicate **two occupancies** by the members of the multiplet.

Magnetic Field : 0.5 T

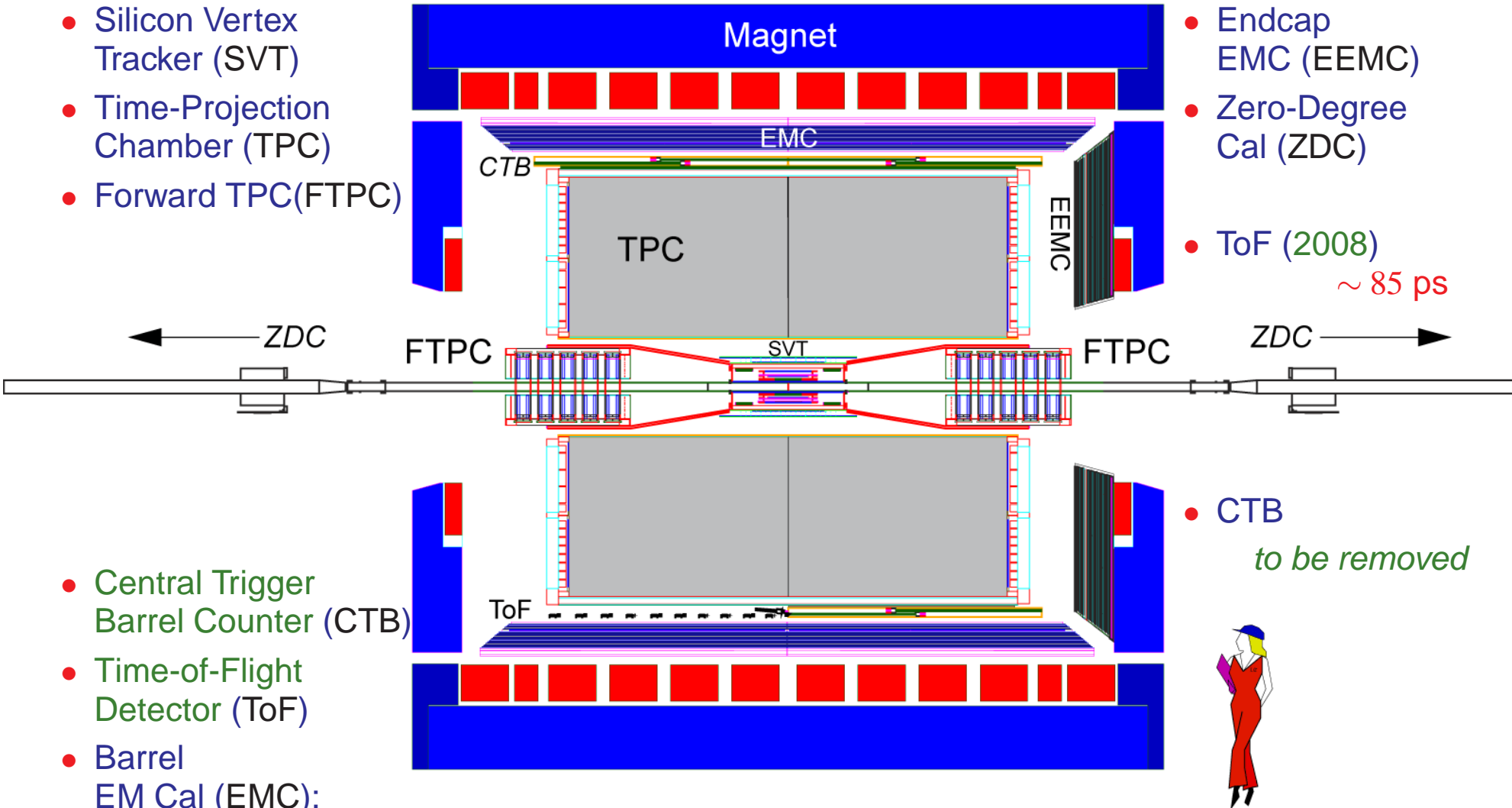
- Silicon Vertex Tracker (SVT)
- Time-Projection Chamber (TPC)
- Forward TPC (FTPC)

- Endcap EMC (EEMC)
- Zero-Degree Cal (ZDC)

- ToF (2008)
~ 85 ps

- Central Trigger Barrel Counter (CTB)
- Time-of-Flight Detector (ToF)
- Barrel EM Cal (EMC):
4,800 Towers

- CTB
to be removed



Hadron Spectroscopy Program of STAR within the Ultra-Peripheral Collisions (UPC) Group

- $\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au}^{(*)} + \text{Au}^{(*)} + \rho$

Photon + Pomeron $\rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$

Trigger on events with **two** charged particles in CTB
with or without ZDC

- $\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au}^{(*)} + \text{Au}^{(*)} + \rho'$

Photon + Pomeron $\rightarrow \rho' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$

Pilot run in **2004**: search for **exotic** mesons with $J^{PC} = 0^{+-}$, $J^{PC} = 2^{+-}$

Trigger on events with **four** or more charged particles in CTB **and** ZDC

- Future Runs with a **Ultra-Peripheral Detector** (UPD) systems

An example: $p + p \rightarrow p + (\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-) + p$

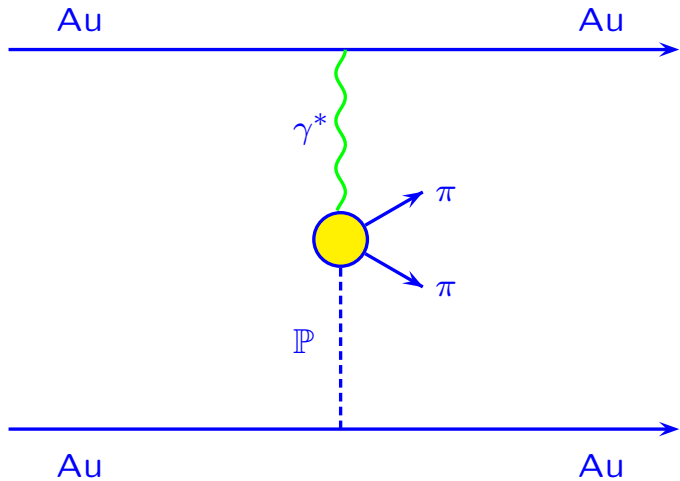
Pomeron + Pomeron $\rightarrow f_0(1500) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

Central production of **exotic** mesons with $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$

Photon+Pomeron $\rightarrow \rho^0$

x

Pioneering Work by S. Klein, *et al.* (UPC group): RHIC run in 2000 at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV
 Central Trigger Barrel (CTB) in quadrants
 2-prong trigger \Rightarrow 30 000 events

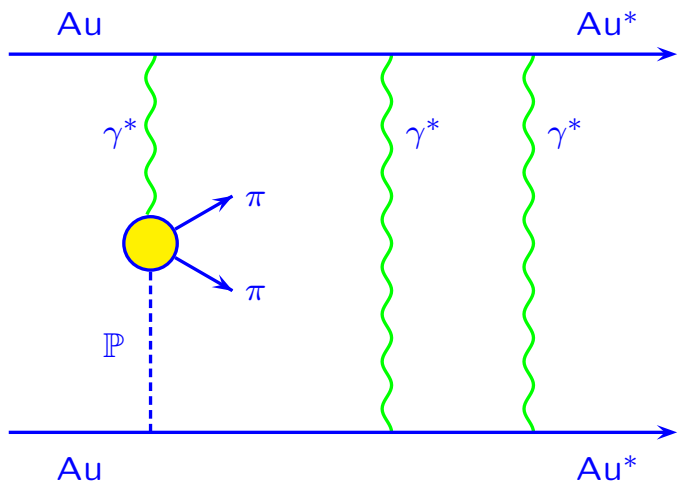


$$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au} + \text{Au} + \rho^0, \quad \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\sigma = 370 \pm 170 \pm 80 \text{ mb}$$

S. Klein, *et al.* (UPC group):

Minimum-Bias Data at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV
 Zero-degree Calorimeter (ZDC) in coincidence
 800 000 events



$$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au}^* + \text{Au}^* + \rho^0, \quad \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\sigma = 39.7 \pm 2.8 \pm 9.7 \text{ mb}$$

PRL 89, 272302 (2002)

Photon+Pomeron $\rightarrow \rho^0$

S. Klein, *et al.* (UPC group):

ρ^0 candidates for $|y_\rho| < 1$

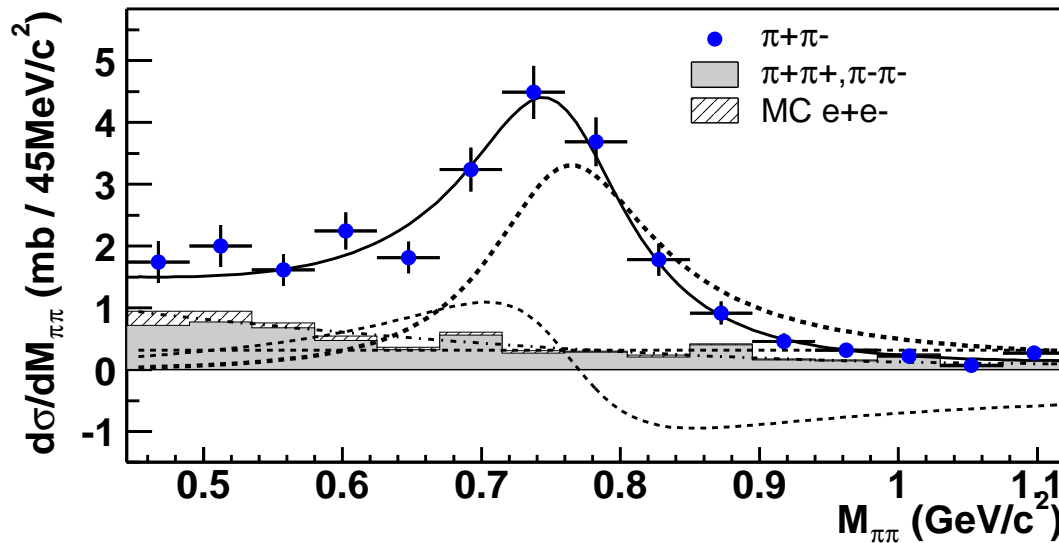
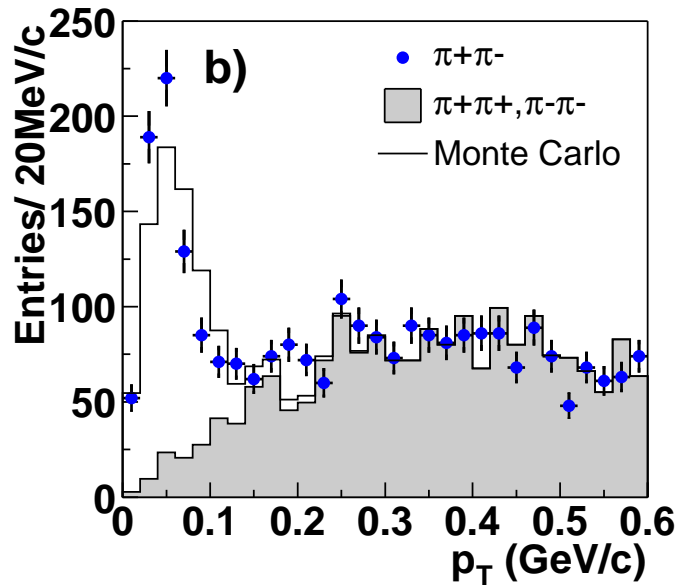
Minimum-Bias Data—(ZDC) Trigger

2-prong trigger similar—not shown

p_T peaked at 50 MeV/c

Like-sign background normalized for $p_T > 200$ MeV/c

MC p_T normalized to ρ^0 for $p_T < 150$ MeV/c



ρ^0 candidates for $|y_\rho| < 1$

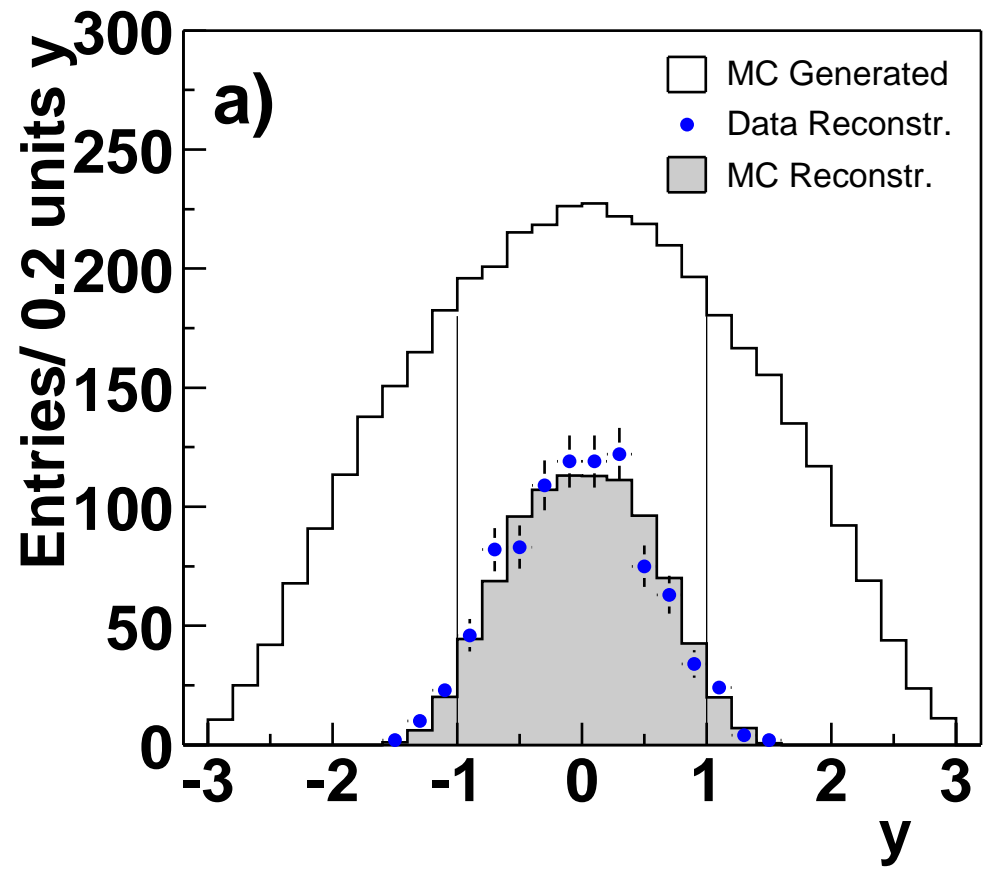
Minimum-Bias Data—(ZDC) Trigger

2-prong trigger similar—not shown

$p_T < 150$ MeV/c

M (MeV)	Γ (MeV)
778 ± 7	148 ± 14
777 ± 7	139 ± 13
773 ± 7	127 ± 13

ρ^0 Rapidity Distribution



Minimum-Bias Data—(ZDC) Trigger
2-prong trigger similar—not shown

Photon + Pomeron $\rightarrow X \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

$$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au}^* + \text{Au}^* + X, \quad X \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

Search for exotic mesons with $J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 2^{+-}, \dots$

Total number of triggers (2004) = 5×10^6 in 200 hours of run at RHIC

Total number of $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- = 12\,000$ events collected vs 50\,000 events expected (1%)

Total number of $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- = 120$ events collected vs 1\,250 events (2.5×10^{-4})

Future: TOF Pads for more efficient trigger
DAQ upgrade for more efficient data-taking

$SU(3)$ Partners to the Exotic Mesons

- Consider **three** species of quarks, i.e. $q = \{u, d, s\}$:

Then there must exist

$K(J^P = 0^-, 1^+, 2^-)$'s and $K^*(J^P = 0^+, 1^-, 2^+)$'s,

$SU(3)$ Partners to

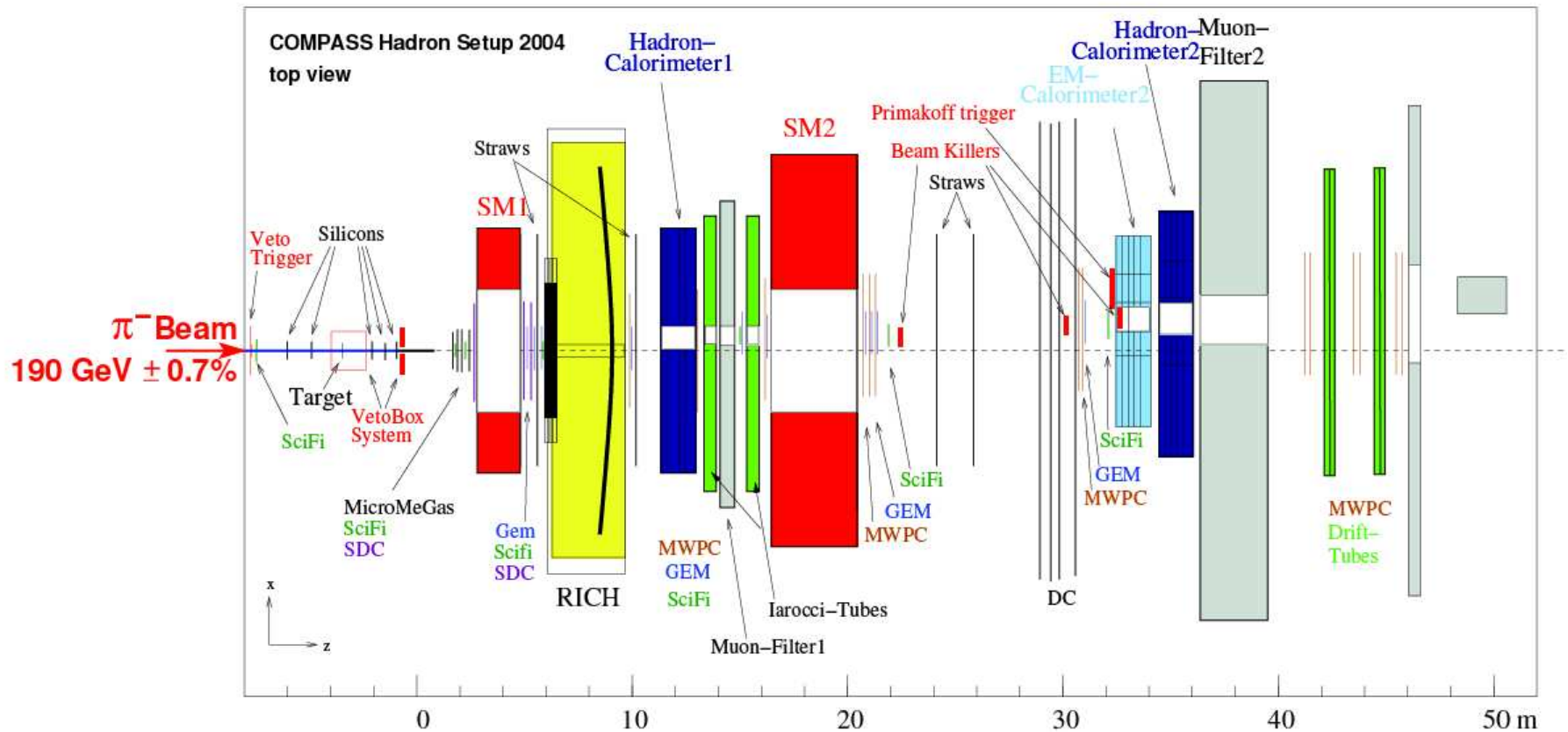
$\pi_1(1400), \pi_1(1600), \pi_1(2000)$ ($J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$)

- Strangeonium = Any **hadrons** containing an $s\bar{s}$ pair.

Exotic Strangeonia: $s\bar{s} + g, s\bar{s} + n\bar{n}, n = \{u, d\}$

$SU(3)$ Partners to the π_1 's

Layout of COMPASS Experiment for Hadron Runs



K^- fraction in π^- beam $\simeq 3 - 5\%$

Conclusions and Future Prospects I

- **Three** Exotic Mesons from BNL-E852—A Review:

Conclusions and Future Prospects I

- **Three** Exotic Mesons from BNL-E852—A Review:

1. $\pi_1(1400)$: $M \sim 1370$ MeV, $\Gamma \sim 400$ MeV:

$\rightarrow \eta\pi$

$\not\rightarrow \eta'\pi, \rho\pi, f_1(1285)\pi, b_1(1235)\pi$

\Rightarrow If $10 \oplus \bar{10}$, then predict no $\eta_1(1400)$ partner but $\rho(1400)$

◇ Constituents: $(n\bar{n}) + (n\bar{n})$?

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◇ Constituents: $(n\bar{n}) + (n\bar{n})$? \oplus $(n\bar{n}) + \text{gluon}$?

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3. $\pi_1(2000)$: $M \sim 2000$ MeV, $\Gamma \sim 300$ MeV

$\rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi, b_1(1235)\pi$:

◇ Constituents: $(n\bar{n}) + \text{gluon}$?

Conclusions and Future Prospects II

- Future Prospects beyond

BNL-E852, Crystal Barrel/CERN, FOCUS/Fermilab, BESII/China
VES/Russia, CLEO-C (CESR/Cornell), BaBar/SLAC and Belle/KEK)

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\bar{p} 's from 1.5–15 GeV/c ($\sqrt{s(\bar{p}p)} = 2.4\text{--}5.7$ GeV)

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4. GLUE-X (Hall D/JLAB) (2012+)
Photons with a maximum energy of 9 GeV

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Photons with a maximum energy of 9 GeV

5. GSI/Darmstadt/Germany, J-Parc/Japan and COMPASS/CERN (2007):

★ Use separated K^- beam to search for

exotic strangeonia ($s\bar{s} + n\bar{n}$ and $s\bar{s} + g$), $n = \{u, d\}$

★ Search for exotic strange mesons,

$SU(3)$ partners of the nonstrange exotic mesons

Background Material

Production of Vector and Exotic States



- Vector Mesons from the PDG Book:

$$\rho(770) \rightarrow \pi\pi, \quad \rho(1450) \rightarrow \pi\pi \text{ or } 4\pi, \quad \rho(7100) \rightarrow \rho\pi\pi$$

- Vector Mesons in $q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$ Systems:

Supermultiplet	Count of the states
$\mathbb{V}_-(1^{--})$	$4 \times \rho(\mathbf{8}), 1 \times \rho(\mathbf{27}), 1 \times {}^{(-)}\rho_x(\mathbf{10} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{10}}), 1 \times {}^{(-)}\pi_1(\mathbf{10} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{10}})$
$\mathbb{V}_+(1^{-+})$	$4 \times \pi_1(\mathbf{8}), 1 \times \pi_1(\mathbf{27}), 1 \times {}^{(+)}\pi_1(\mathbf{10} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{10}}), 1 \times {}^{(+)}\rho_x(\mathbf{10} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{10}})$

- Allowed Systems for Gluonic Hybrids $q\bar{q} + g$:

L	S	${}^{2S+1}L_J(q\bar{q})$	$J^{PC}(q\bar{q})$	$J^{PC}(q\bar{q} + g)$
1	0	1P_1	1^{+-}	1^{++} 1^{--}
1	1	3P_J	$0^{++}, 1^{++}, 2^{++}$	$0^{-+}, 1^{-+}, 2^{-+}$ $0^{+-}, 1^{+-}, 2^{+-}$
2	0	1D_2	2^{-+}	2^{++} 2^{--}
2	1	3D_J	1^{--} , $2^{--}, 3^{--}$	$1^{-+}, 2^{-+}, 3^{-+}$ $1^{+-}, 2^{+-}, 3^{+-}$

Possible Decay Modes and Final States

x

★ Decays of $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$ [$\rho(1600?)$] and $J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 2^{+-}$ [$b_{0,2}(2000?), h_{0,2}(2000?)$]:

$I^G(J^{PC})$	Intermediate States	Final States
$1^+(1^{--})$	$[\rho^0(770)f_0(600)]_{S,D}$	$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$
$1^+(0^{+-}, 2^{+-})$	$[\rho^0(770)f_0(600)]_P$	$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$
$1^+(0^{+-}, 2^{+-})$	$f_0(980)\rho^0(770), f_2'(1525)\rho^0(770)$	$K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$
$0^-(0^{+-}, 2^{+-})$	$a_0^0(980)\rho^0(770), a_2^0(1320)\rho^0(770)$	$K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$

★ Characteristics of a $J^{PC} = 0^{--}$ State [$\rho_0(4000?), \omega_0(4000?)$]:

I^G	Intermediate States	Final States
1^+	$[a_2^\pm(1320)\pi^\mp]_D, [\rho^0(770)f_2(1270)]_D,$	$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$
1^+	$f_2'(1525)\rho^0(770)$	$K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$
1^+	$K^*(890)\bar{K}, K_2^*(1420)\bar{K}, a_2^\pm(1320)\pi^\mp$	$K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$
0^-	$K^*(890)\bar{K}, K_2^*(1420)\bar{K}$	$K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$
0^-	$a_2^0(1320)\rho^0(770)$	$K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$

Exotic Meson:

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $\sigma(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 30 \text{ MeV}$
 ~ 47200 events

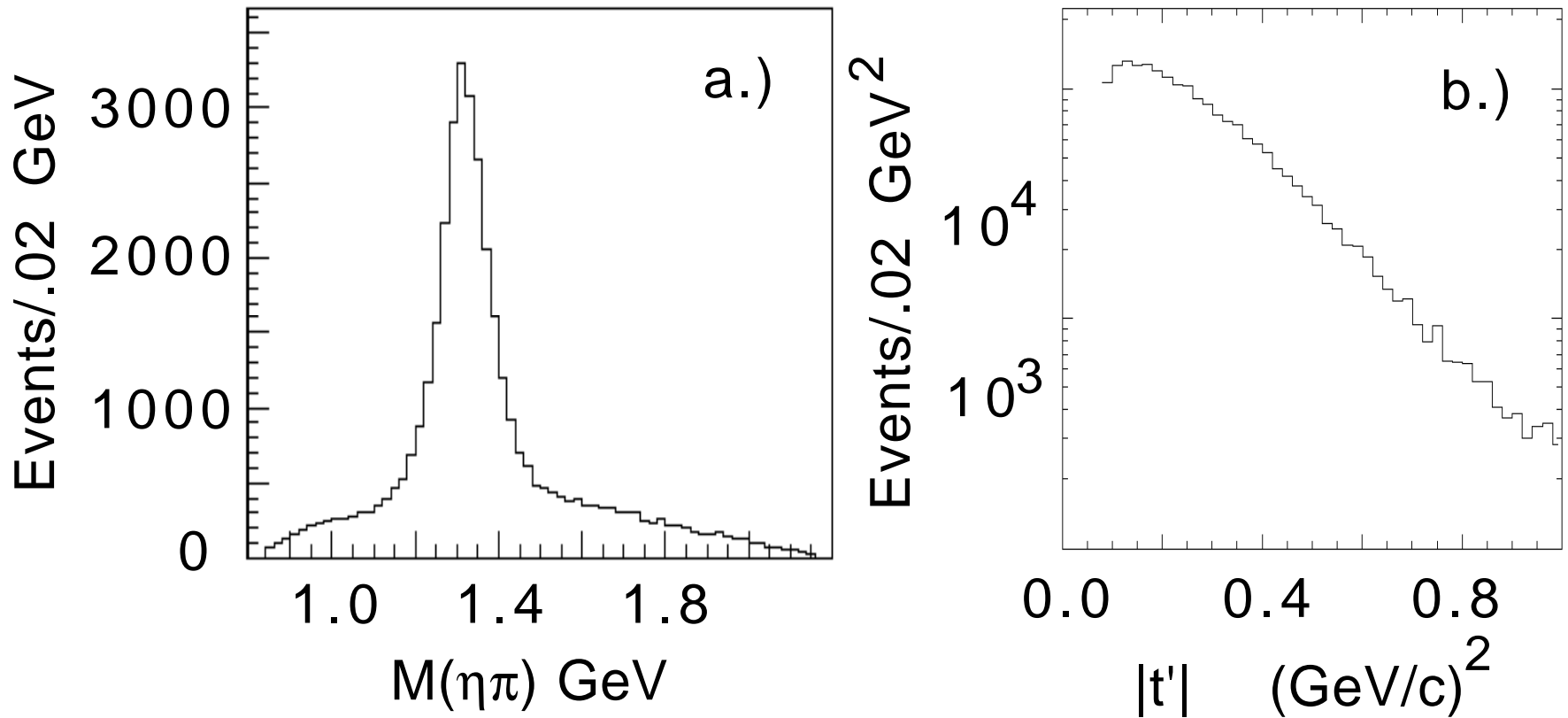


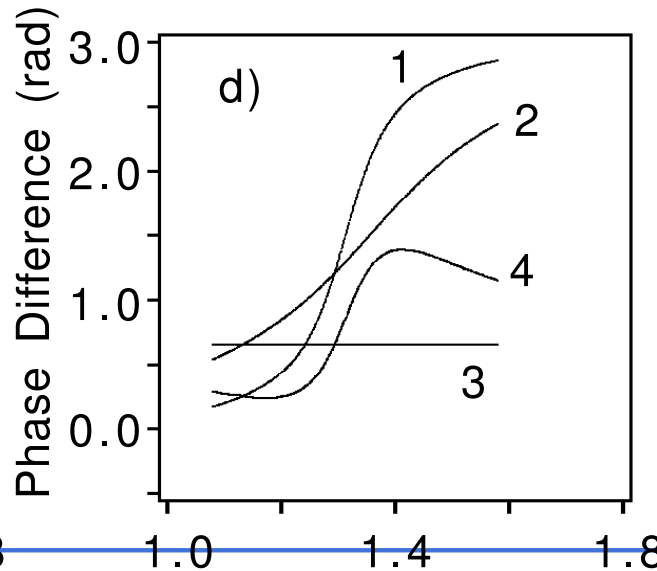
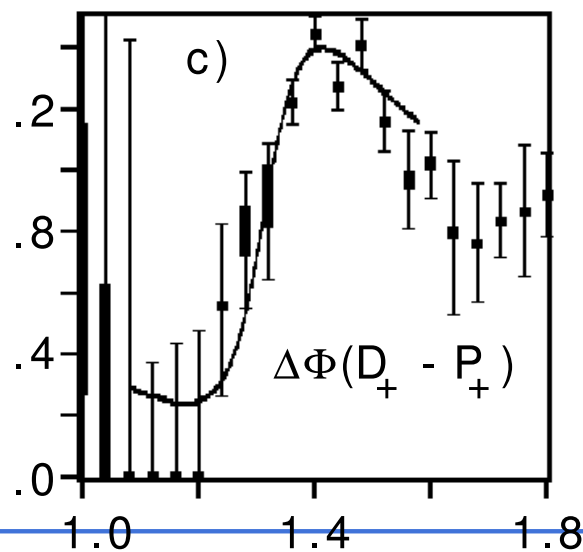
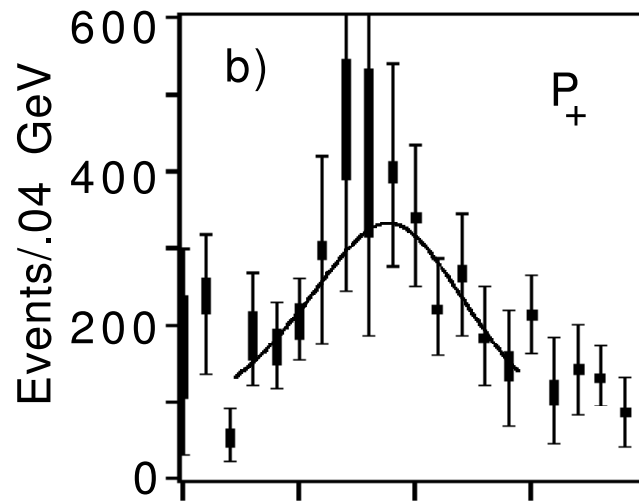
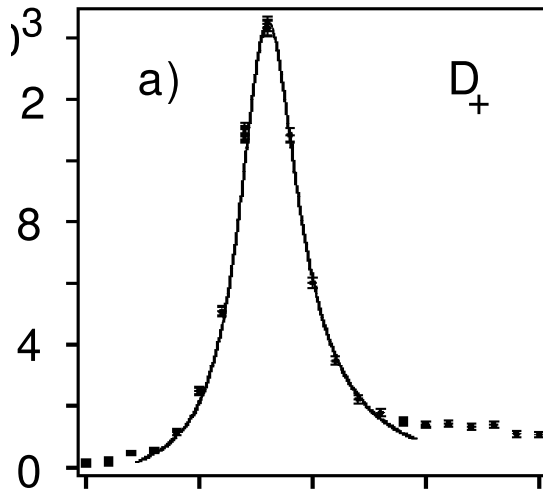
Figure 1

Exotic Meson: $\pi_1^- (1400) \rightarrow \eta \pi^-$

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 ~ 47200 events

$$1^{-+} 1^+ \eta \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow P_+$$

$$2^{++} 1^+ \eta \begin{bmatrix} D \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \pi \rightarrow D_+$$



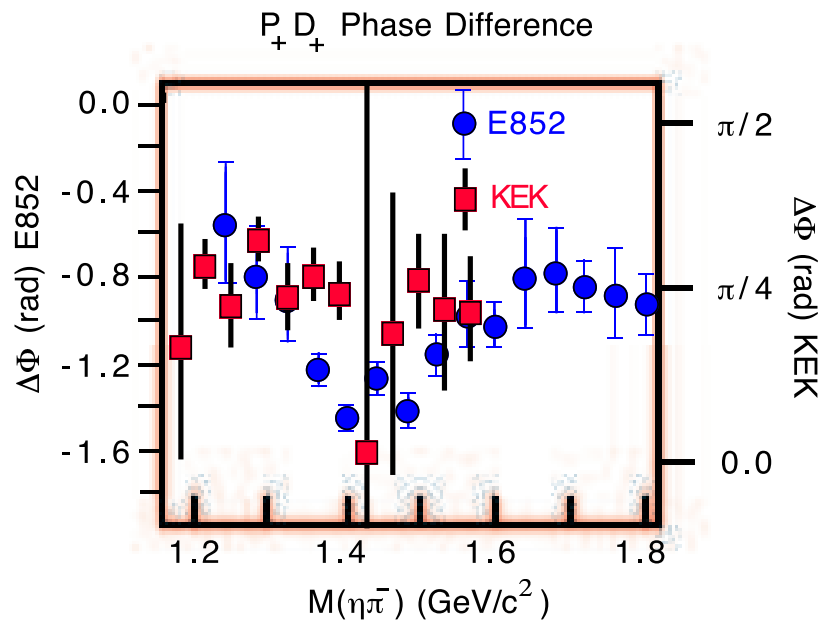
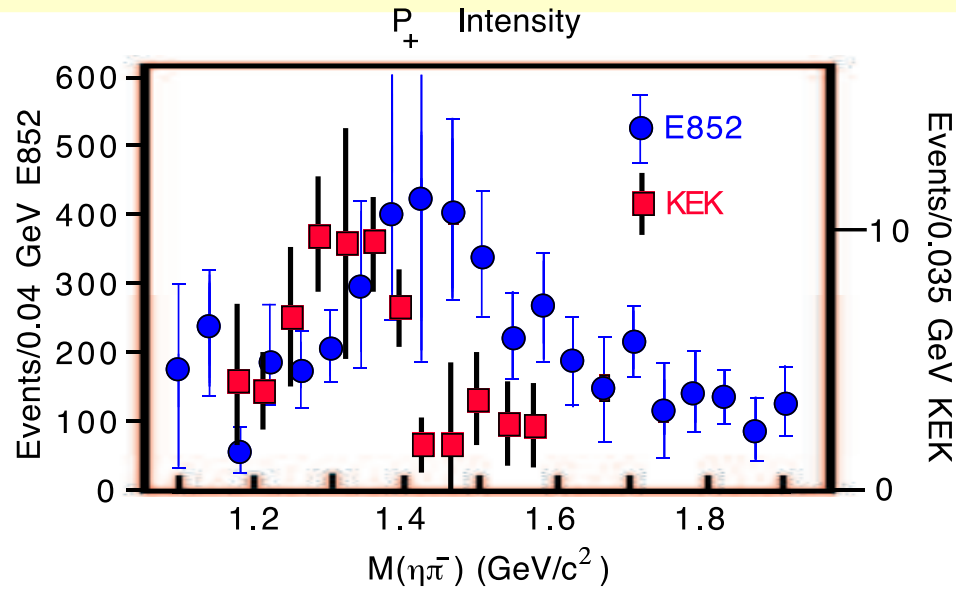
$$\begin{cases} M(P_+) = 1370 \pm 16 \begin{matrix} + 50 \\ - 30 \end{matrix} \\ \Gamma(P_+) = 385 \pm 40 \begin{matrix} + 65 \\ - 105 \end{matrix} \end{cases}$$

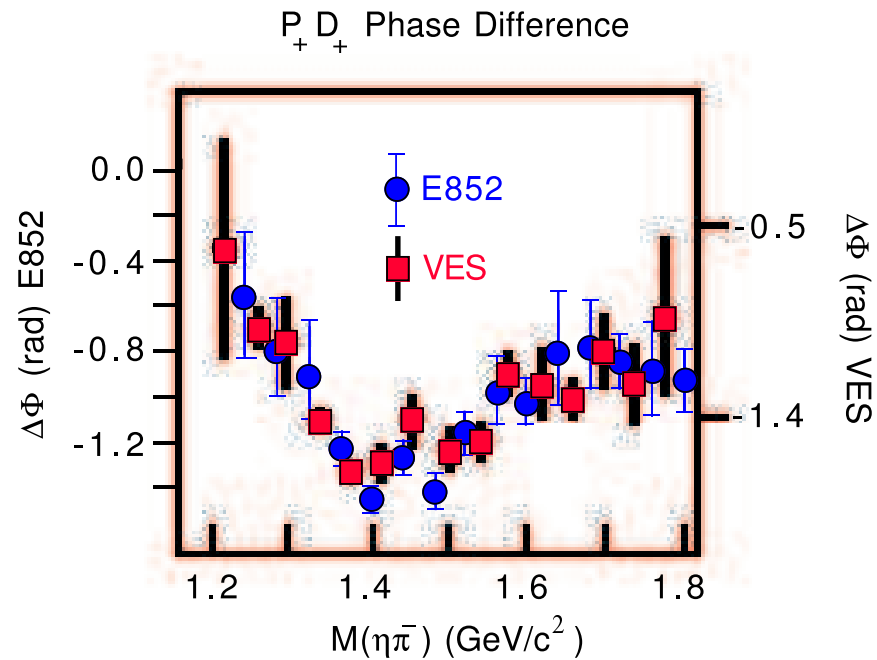
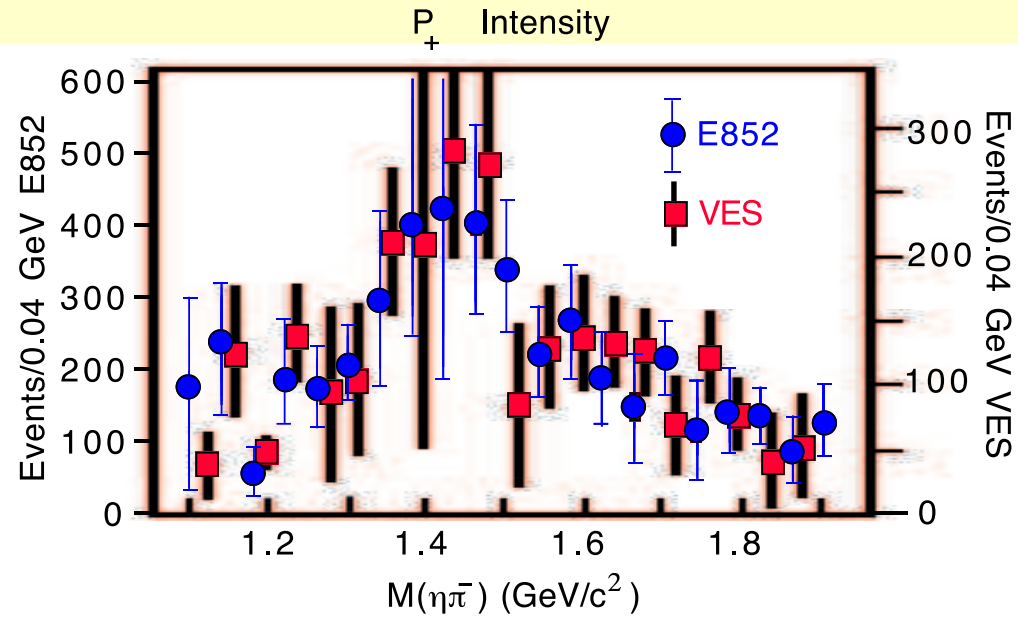
PRL 79, 1630 (1997)

PRD 60, 092001 (1999)

S. U. Chung,

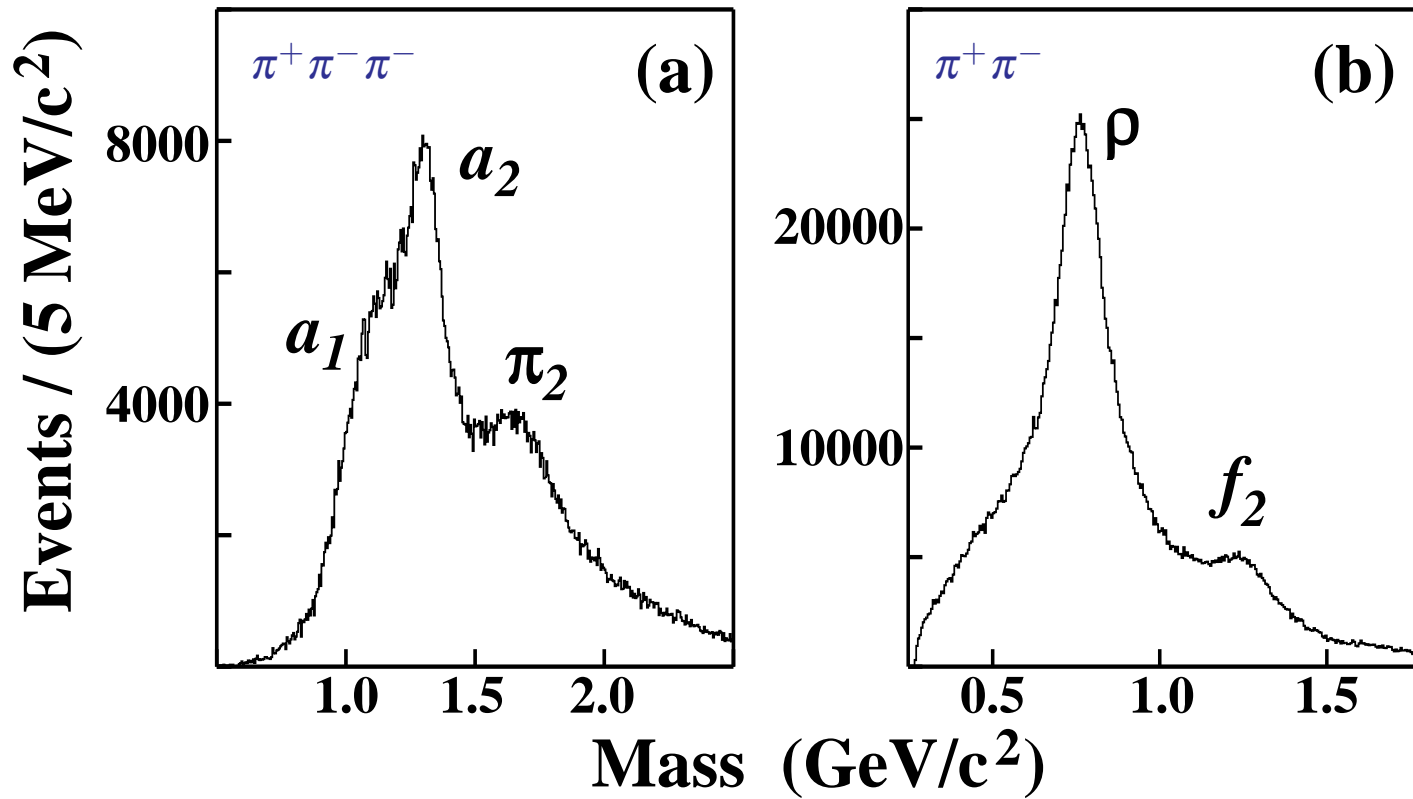
PRD 56, 7299 (1997)





Exotic Meson: $\rho^0(770)\pi^-$

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c
 ~ 250000 events



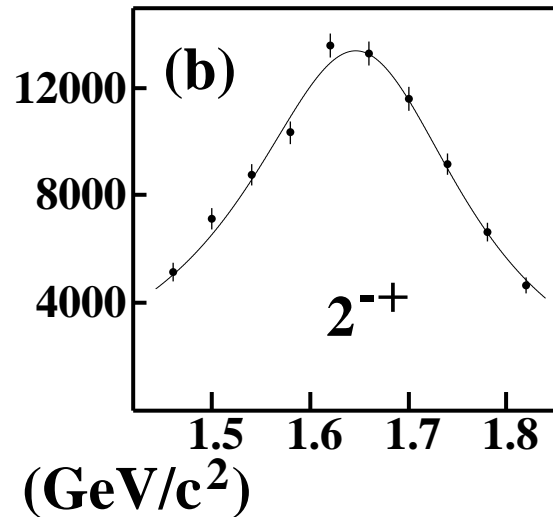
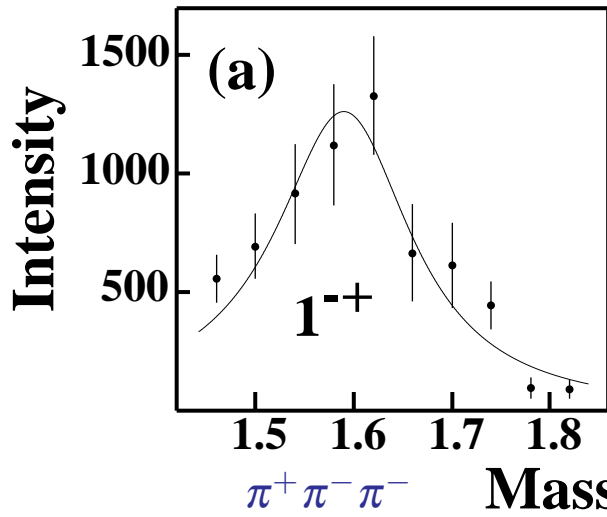
Exotic Meson: $\pi_1^-(1600) \rightarrow \rho^0(770)\pi^-, \rho^0(770) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$ at 18 GeV/c
 ~ 250000 events

$$1^{-+} 1^+ \rho \begin{bmatrix} P \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \pi$$

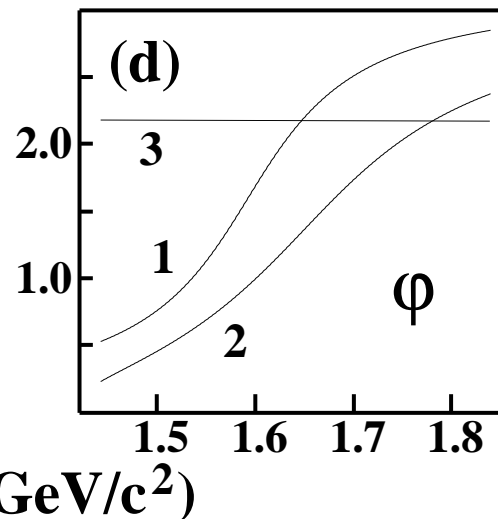
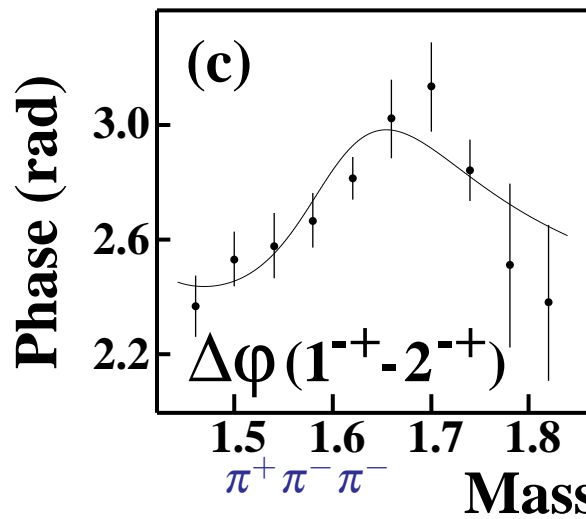
Partial waves: $1^{-+} 1^+ \rho(770) [P] \pi$, $2^{-+} 0^+ f_2(1270) [S] \pi$

$$2^{++} 0^+ f_2 \begin{bmatrix} S \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \pi$$



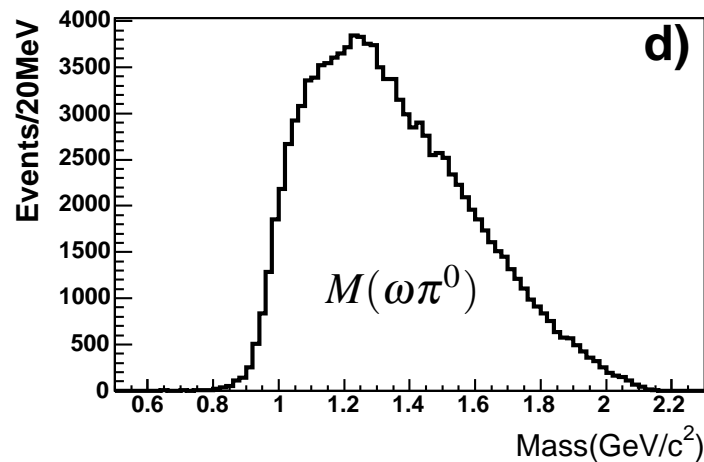
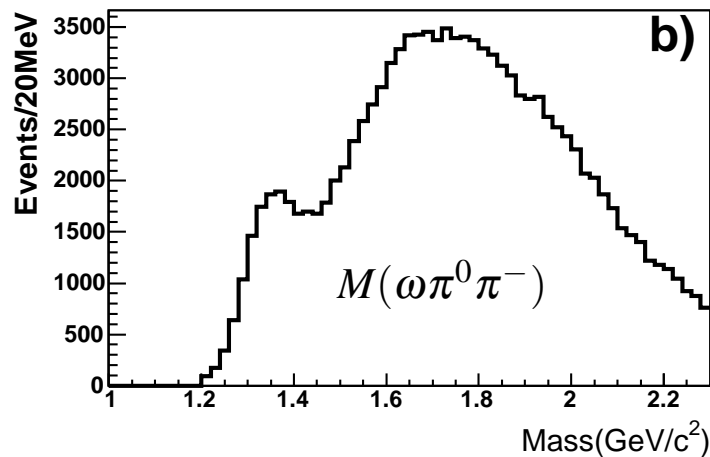
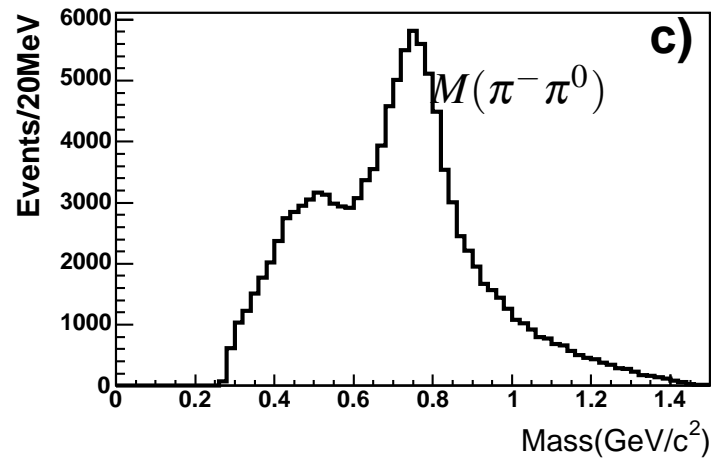
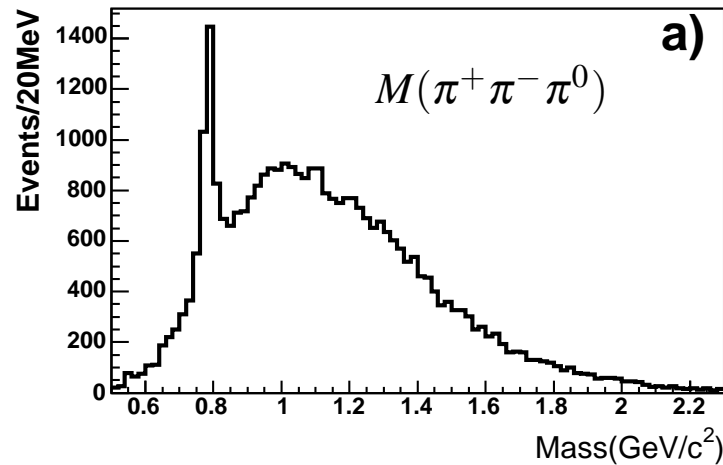
$$\begin{cases} M = 1593 \pm 8 & + 29 \\ & - 47 \\ \Gamma = 168 \pm 20 & + 150 \\ & - 12 \end{cases}$$

PRL 81, 5760 (1998)
 PRD 65, 072001 (2002)



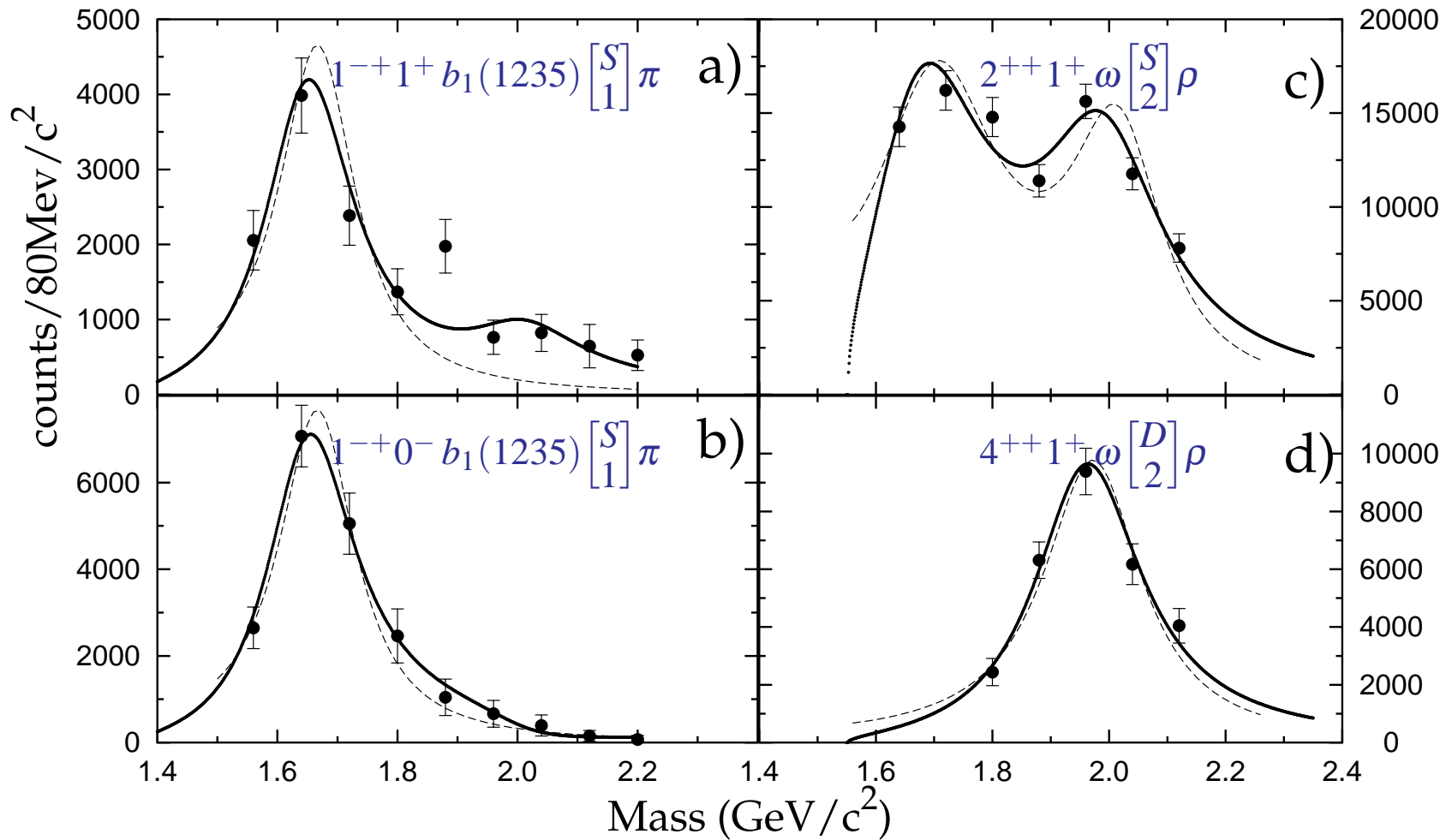
A Study of the $\omega\pi^-\pi^0$ System

Reaction: $\pi^- p \rightarrow \omega\pi^-\pi^0 p$, $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ ~ 145000 events $\sigma(\omega) \sim 22$ MeV



Parital-wave Analysis of the $\omega\pi^-\pi^0$ System

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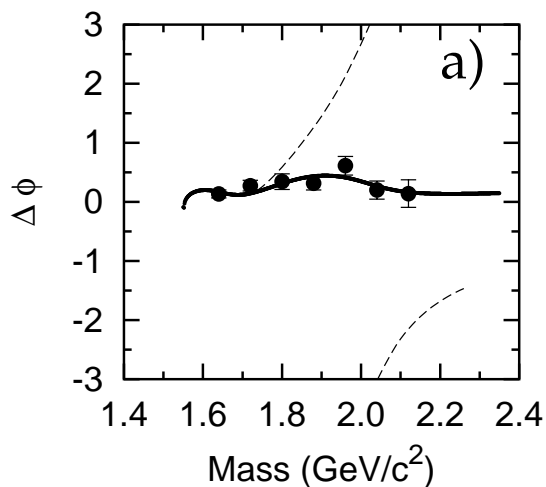


$\pi_1(1600)$ and $\pi_1(2000)$

Parital-wave Analysis of the $\omega\pi^-\pi^0$ System

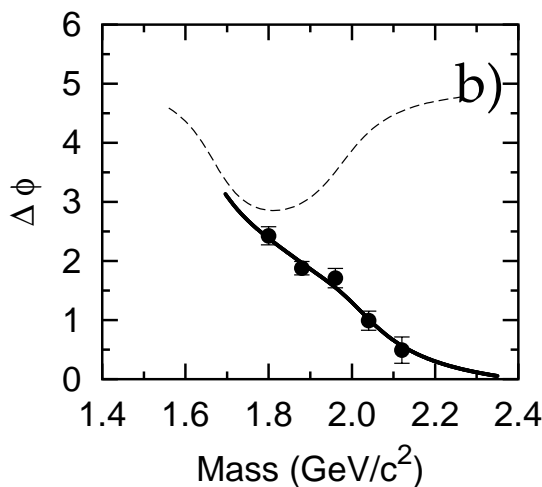
$$(1^{-+}1^+b_1[S_1]\pi)$$

$$-(2^{++}1^+\omega[S_2]\rho)$$



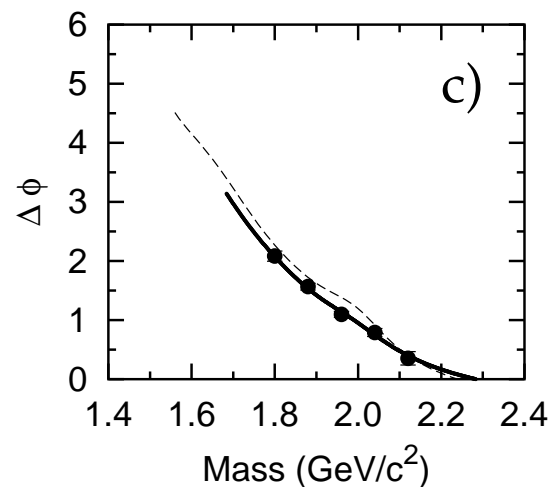
$$(1^{-+}1^+b_1[S_1]\pi)$$

$$-(4^{++}1^+\omega[D_2]\rho)$$

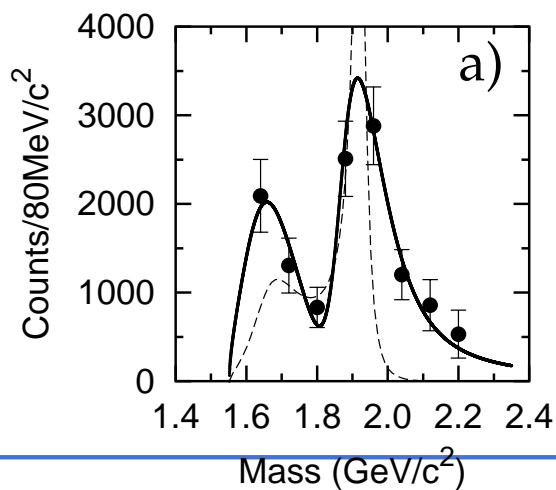


$$(2^{++}1^+\omega[S_2]\rho)$$

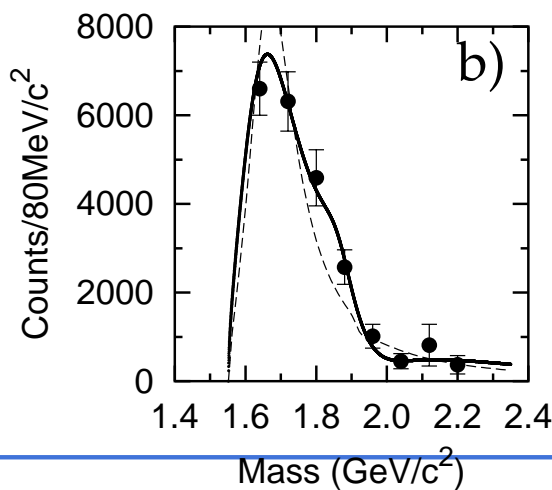
$$-(4^{++}1^+\omega[D_2]\rho)$$



$$2^{-+}0^+\omega[P_1]\rho$$

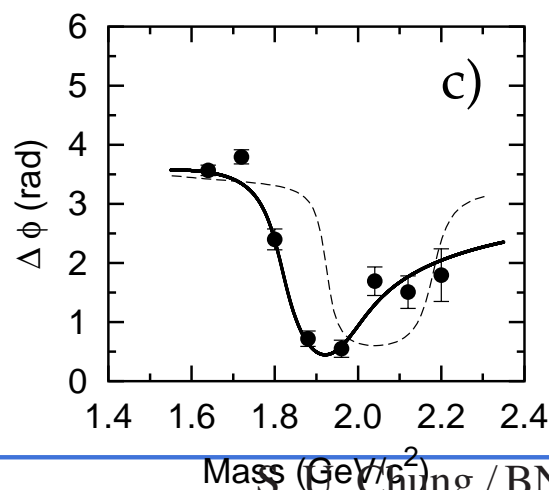


$$2^{-+}0^+\omega[P_2]\rho$$



$$(2^{-+}0^+\omega[P_1]\rho)$$

$$-(2^{-+}0^+\omega[P_2]\rho)$$



Background Material:

Consider

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$$

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow a_2^-(1320) p$$

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi_1^-(1400) p$$

The cross section

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma[\pi^- p \rightarrow a_2(1320)^- p] &= (5\,099 \pm 221) \mu\text{b} \times \left(\frac{p_L}{1 \text{ GeV}/c}\right)^{-(1.88 \pm 0.03)} + (39.2 \pm 2.0) \mu\text{b} \\ &= (61.1 \pm 2.2) \mu\text{b} \quad \text{at } 18.2 \text{ GeV}/c\end{aligned}$$

For $M(\eta\pi^-)=1.10\text{---}1.58 \text{ GeV}$,

$$N(D_+) = 60\,332 \pm 2\,060 \text{ events}, \quad N(P_+) = 3\,321 \pm 1\,245 \text{ events } (5.5 \pm 2.1)\%$$

So

$$\sigma[\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi_1^-(1400) p] \times \mathcal{B}[\pi_1^-(1400) \rightarrow \eta\pi^-] = (0.49 \pm 0.19) \mu\text{b}$$

Next

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}[\pi_1(1600) \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi]}{\mathcal{B}[\pi_1(1600) \rightarrow \eta'\pi]} = 3.80 \pm 0.78$$

Background Material:

- **LGD:**

Lead-Glass Detector (LGD)

3053 elements, each 4 x 4 x 45 cm

$L_r = 3.1 \text{ cm } (N_r=14.5)$

$L_c = 22.5 \text{ cm } (N_c=2.0)$

$$\frac{\delta E}{E} = \left(2 + \frac{5}{\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}} \right) \%$$

Position resolution: 1 to 2 mm

$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, \eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

$\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$

$K_s \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$

- **TDX4:**

Two-layer drift-chamber module

Active area $2 \times 3 \text{ m}$

drift space = 8mm

resolution = 150 μm

- **DEA:**

Downstream End-cap Array (DEA)

A window-frame veto counter

lead-scintillation sandwich

18 layers; 8 radiation lengths

- **TCYL:**

Cylindrical Drift-chamber module

four layers, triggerable

drift space = 4mm

resolution = 200 μm

charge division = 8 mm

- **CIV:**

Barrel CsI veto Counter (CIV)

198 crystals, each 7.5 cm high

$\Delta\phi = 20^\circ, \Delta z = 5\text{cm}$

$L_r=1.86 \text{ cm } (N_r=4.0)$

$L_c = 36.5\text{cm } (N_c = 0.21)$

min energy = 10 MeV

Background Material:

- **HEUB:**

π^- beam at 18.3 GeV/c

flux = 2×10^6 particles/sec

Momentum bite $\Delta p/p = 3\%$

Momentum resolution $\delta p/p < 1\%$

Three Cerenkov Counter

for e, π, K separation

- **Target:**

Liquid Hydrogen 12-in long

2.5-in diameter

- **MPS magnet:**

A C-magnet, 450 cm long

280 cm wide, 130 cm high

Field Strength: 1 T

- **Cerenkov Hodocscope:**

Threshold Counter, $\eta_{\text{threshold}} = 20$

π/K separation, $3 \rightarrow 10$ GeV/c

- **Trigger:**

Pretrigger: interacting beam

Level 1: event topology

(TCYL)-(TPX1)-(TPX2)

Level 2: $\text{Mass(LGD)} > \text{Mass}(\pi)$

Fast processor $< 10 \mu\text{sec}$

10^4 triggers/sec with 10% dead time

Background Material:

- **GlueX:**

CEBAF Upgrade

6→12 GeV beam

Tagged photon energy(max) at 9

GeV

Solenoid magnet; D=185cm,

L=465cm

Axial Field Strength: 2.24

T

TOF and LGD downstream

- **Panda:**

\bar{p} from 1–15 GeV/c

Solenoid magnet; D=190cm,

L=250cm

Axial Field Strength: 2.0 T

Forward Spectrometer

field integral of 2 Tm

RICH and EMC downstream

Hadron Calorimeter further

downstream

Search for Strangeonium Hybrids

$s\bar{s} + n\bar{n}$ at masses from 1.6 to 1.8 GeV:

Decay modes include $K^*\bar{K}$, $K^*\bar{K}^*$, etc.

$s\bar{s} + g$ at masses from 2.1 to 2.3 GeV:

Decay modes are $K_1(1270)\bar{K}$, $K_1(1400)\bar{K}$, $K_2^*(1430)\bar{K}$

- **AGS**

25% of 100×10^{12} protons incident on A target

12 GeV/c RF-separated K^- beam

Flux at the MPS $\simeq 2.5 \times 10^5$ K^- 's/spill

Total run time = 5×10^3 hours at 10^3 spills/hour

- **MPS**

2-foot LH₂ target

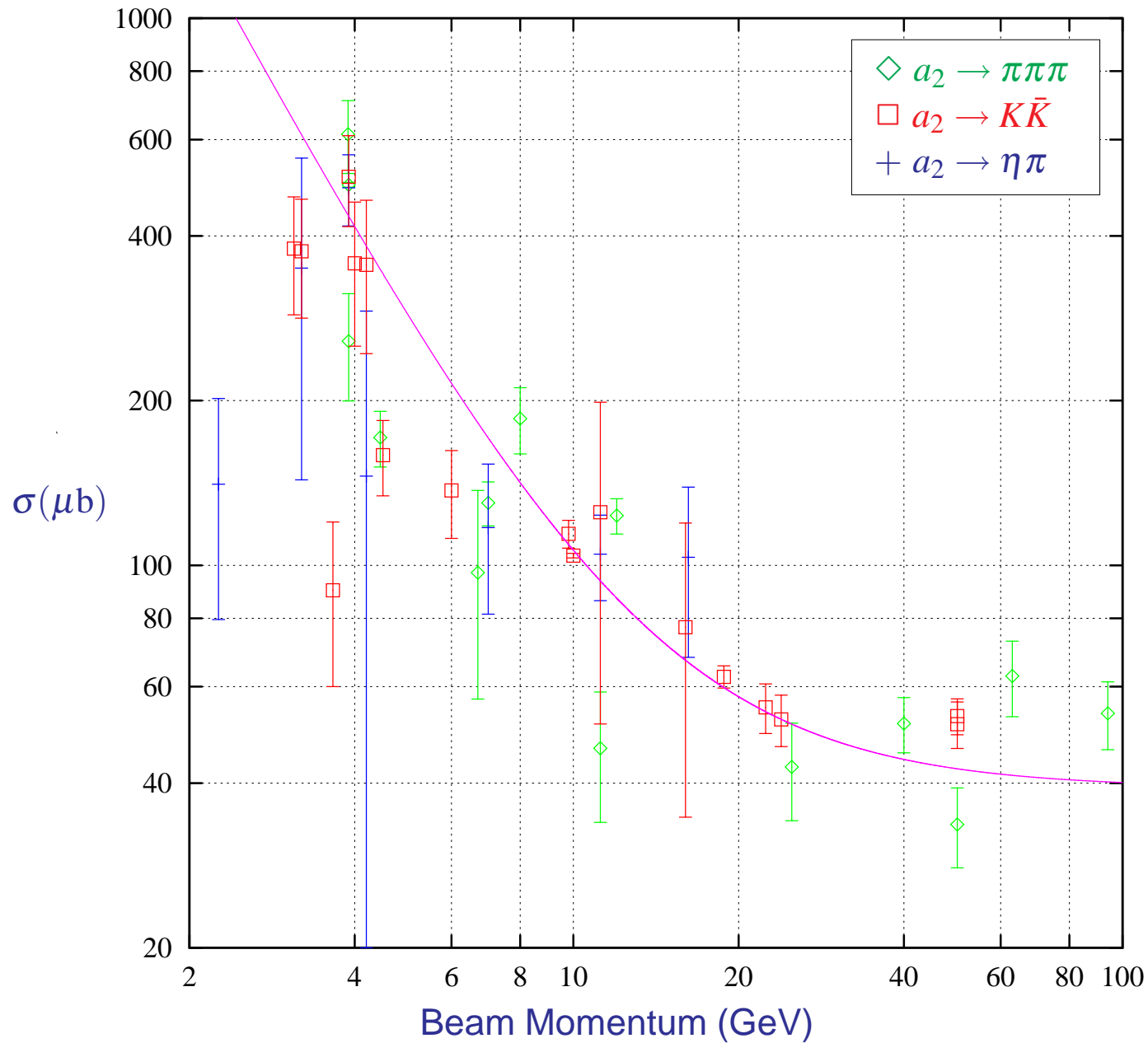
Overall experimental acceptance = 10%

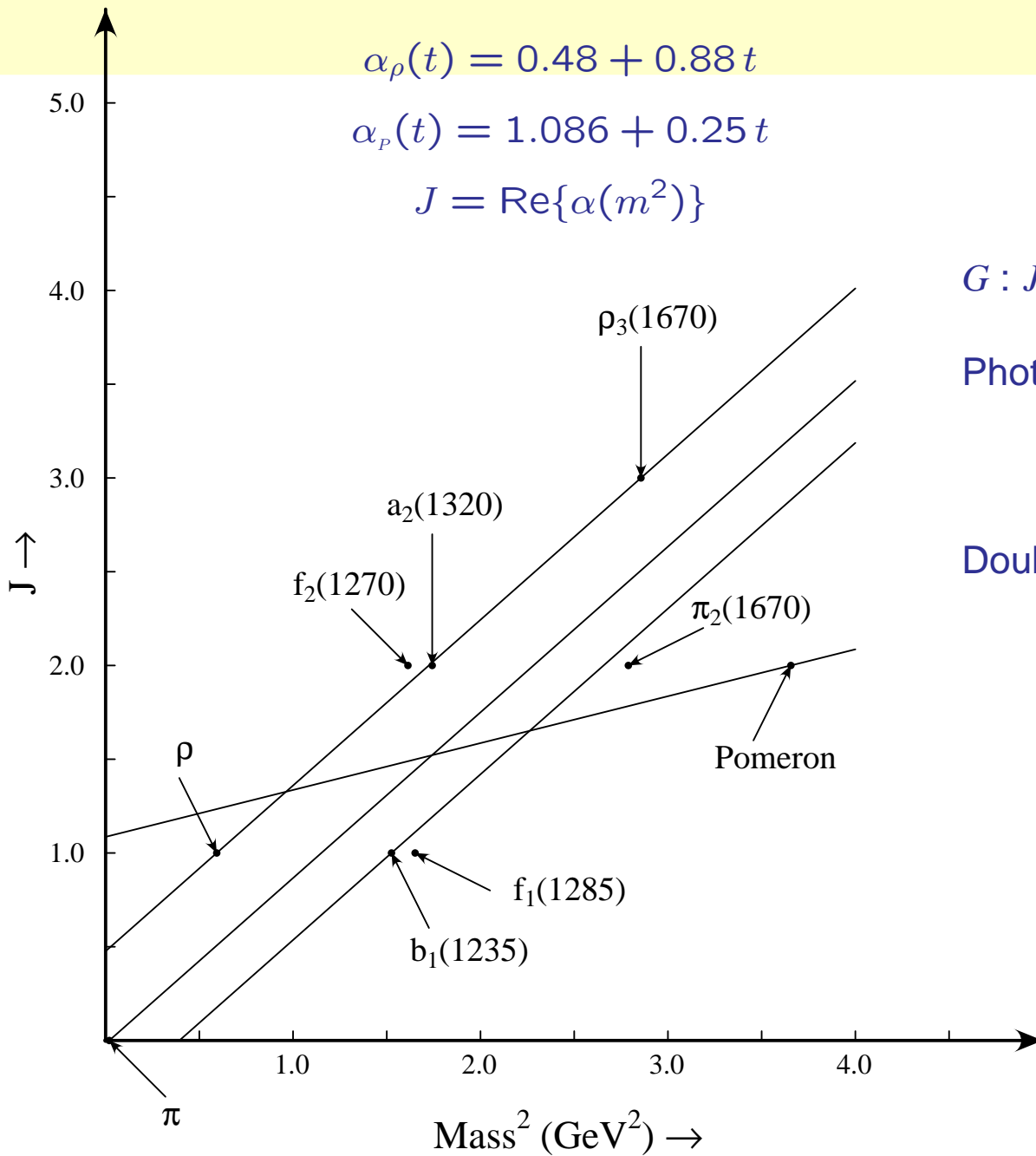
Visible Sensitivity = 330 events/nb

4.1 events/nb for **LASS** at 11 GeV/c

$a_2(1320)$ Cross Sections

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow a_2^-(1320) p$$





$G : J^{PC} = 2^{++}$ glueball

Photon-Pomeron Fusion Process:

$$\gamma + G \rightarrow X$$

Double-Pomeron Fusion Process:

$$G + G \rightarrow X$$

$$J^{PC} = 1^{--} (10 - \bar{10})$$

Y	I	Q	wave functions
0	1	+1	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} (\pi^+ \pi^0 - \pi^0 \pi^+)$ $+ \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (\bar{K}^0 K^+ - K^+ \bar{K}^0)$
		0	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} (\pi^+ \pi^- - \pi^- \pi^+)$ $+ \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} (\bar{K}^0 K^0 - K^0 \bar{K}^0)$ $+ \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} (K^- K^+ - K^+ K^-)$
		-1	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} (\pi^0 \pi^- - \pi^- \pi^0)$ $+ \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (K^- K^0 - K^0 K^-)$

Predict: $\rho(1400)$

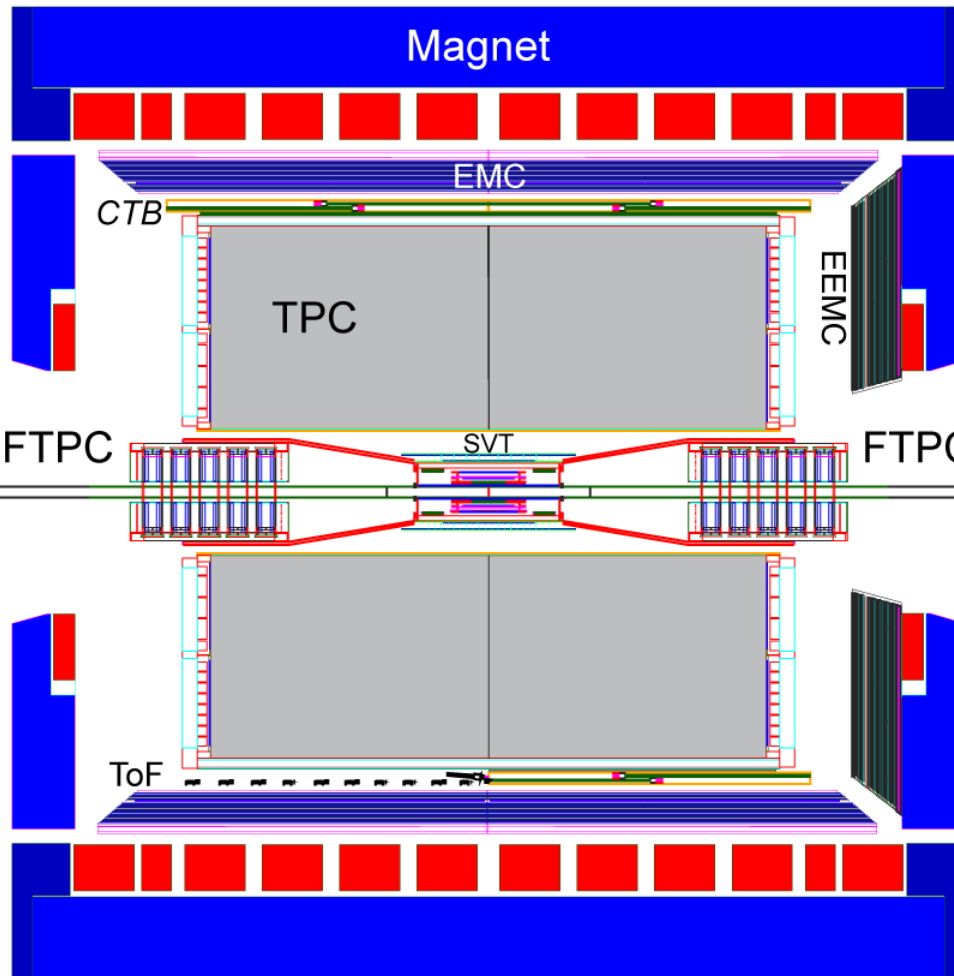
Internal Structure for Exotics $\pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \eta\pi$:

flavor	$(q\bar{q})_8 \otimes (q\bar{q})_8$	$(qq)_3 \otimes (\bar{q}\bar{q})_{\bar{6}}$
$10 \oplus \bar{10}$		$(qq)_6 \otimes (\bar{q}\bar{q})_3$
color	$(q\bar{q})_8 \otimes (q\bar{q})_8$	$(qq)_3 \otimes (\bar{q}\bar{q})_3$
singlet	$(q\bar{q})_1 \otimes (q\bar{q})_1$	$(qq)_6 \otimes (\bar{q}\bar{q})_{\bar{6}}$

$$q = \{u, d, s\}$$

Magnetic Field : 5 T

- Silicon Vertex Tracker (SVT)
- Time-Projection Chamber (TPC)
- Forward TPC (FTPC)



- Endcap EMC (EEMC)
- Zero-Degree Cal (ZDC)

- ToF (2008)
~ 85 ps

- Central Trigger Barrel Counter (CTB)
- Time-of-Flight Detector (ToF)
- Barrel EM Cal (EMC):
4,800 Towers

- CTB *to be removed*

